

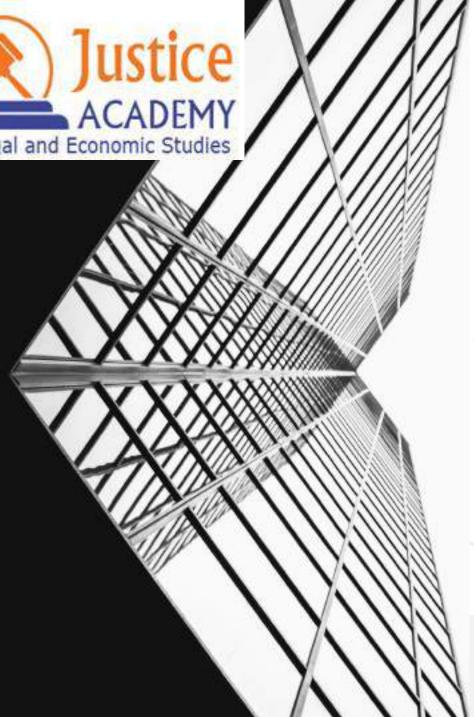
### Become an (MRICS)

المعهد الملكي للمساحين القانونيين

**PATHWAY** 

# QUANTITY SURVEYING AND CONSTRUCTION -PM-APC

Dr. Moustafa I. Abu Dief, Ph.D., FCIArb, MRICS, CFCCTM



#### Become a (MRICS)

Pathway

Membership of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors.

How to become a (MRICS)

Dr. Moustafa I. Abu Dief, Ph.D., FCIArb, MRICS, CFCC™

## **The Worthy Journey**







MOVE

MOVE

### Are You a chartered professional?



## **Recruiters are Hiring:**

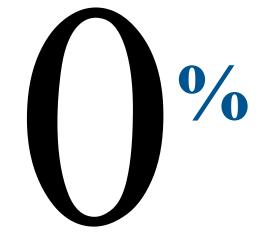
Contract Manager/Contract Eng./Contract Admin/Senior Chartered Qs/ Commercial Manager/procurement Manager/Supply Chain Manager/PM/CM./Project Eng./ Discipline Eng./Cost Manager/Cost Eng./Cost controller/Cost Estimator/ Construction lawyer/ claims professional.

#### **SUCCESSFULL RELATIONSHIP**

# OUR NEW APPROACH PROACTIVE



1. Zero Failed Project





2. Continuous Business Relationship





#### د. محمد رفا

دكتور محمد هو خبير بارع في تسوية المنازعات على المستوين الوطبي والدولي. وهو معتمد ويحظى باحثرام كبير يسبب نطاق خبرته المهنية الواسع والتي تتضمن التحكيم الدوئي والمائي المعقد، وهو أيضًا عضو أكاديعي بارز في كليات الاقتصاد والقانون بالولايات المتحدة والمملكة المتحدة والشرق الأوسط، وحاضر الدكتور في العلوم الاقتصادية والمصرفية بجامعة بيتسبرغ أثناء فترة الإعداد للحصول على درجة الدكتوراه للمرة الأولى في الاقتصاد عام 1985 ويحاضر حاليًا في التحكيم والقانون التجاري الدوئي بجامعة كامبريدج وجامعة شرق لندن. حصل الدكتور محمد رفه على درجة الدكتوراه الثانية في التحكيم من جامعة شرق لندن. وهو متحدث مرغوب فيه وطفي محاضرات عديدة عن تسوية المنازعات المائية والتجارية المعقدة.

وبمارس دكتور رفا أدوار قيادية بارزة في العديد من المؤسسات. بما في ذلك برايم فايتانس، علاوة على أنه عضو المجلس الدولي للتحكيم التجاري وزميل المجمع الملكي البريطائي للمحكمين .

وبعمل رفا حاليًا محاضرًا أقدمًا في جامعة كوفدتري لتدريس الحقوق، والتحكيم التجاري الدولي (ماجستير القانون) في جامعة شرق لندن، والدراسات العليا في التحكيم في كلية القانون بجامعة كامبريدج، وهو الشريك الأساسي في مكتب رفا وعبيد للمحاماة وهو مكتب محاماة متخصص في تسوية المنازعات المصرفية والمالية بما في ذلك المنازعات بين البنوك والمنازعات المالية المعقدة للشركات.

علاوة على ذلك. يقود دكتور رفا مشروعا لإنشاء غرف تحكيم للسوية متازعات التحكيم الخيرية فقط للمطالبات الصغيرة ومتازعات عدم السيولة. سلسمح غرف التحكيم هذه لأعضاء المجمع الملكي البريطاني للمحكمين المؤهلين حديثًا بالمساعدة والإعداد والعمل كمحكمين مما يمنحيم قرصة الاكتساب الخبرة المطلوبة علاوة على التأهيل للمضي قدمًا كمحكمين مؤهلين معتمدين من المجمع الملكي البريطاني للمحكمين.

عمل الدكتور محمد محكمًا فردًا، ومحكمًا مشاركًا في هيئة تحكيم، ورنيس هيئة تحكيم، وسكرتير هيئة تحكيم، ومستشار في عدد من القضايا التي خضعت لقواعد مؤسسية مختلفة، مها محكمة لندن للتحكيم الدولي، والأونسيترال، وغرفة التجارة الدولية، وإجراءات التحكيم الخاص ،





# **Robert Kebbé Commercial Director**

Kingdom of Saudi Arabia • +966 59 5001243 linkedin.com/in/robert-kebbé-69b11349

#### **Professional Memberships**

Member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS Membership No: 6852719)

Member of Canadian Institute of Quantity Surveyors (PQS Membership No: 256030)

Member of Oder of Engineers & Architects- Lebanon Member of the American Society of Civil Engineers

#### **EDUCATION**

Master of Engineering in Rock Mechanics - McGill University - Montreal, Canada 1992

Bachelor of Engineering in Civil Engineering - American University of Beirut - Lebanon 1987

Experience: Contract& Commercial Management, Canada, UAE, USA, Lebanon



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#### **L RELATIONSHIP**

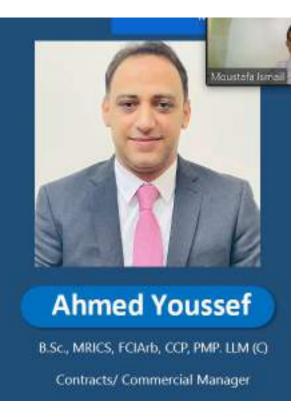
#### Professional qualifications

Master of Engineering in Rock Mechanics - McGill University – Montreal- Canada Bachelor of Engineering in Civil Engineering – AUB, Lebanon.

#### BIO

Contracts and Commercial Professional with a +17-year demonstrated track record of leadership success in Contracts, Cost Planning, Claims, and Commercial Management.

- B.Sc. in Civil Engineering, Al Azhar University.
- Candidate of Master's Degree in Construction Law and Arbitration, Robert Gordon University.
- RICS Chartered Surveyor, MRICS.
- Fellow of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators, FCIArb.
- Certified Cost Professional, CCP.
- Certified Project management Professional, PMP.





# **Profile**

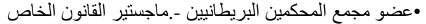
#### Dr. Moustafa Ismail, FCIArb, MRICS, CFCC, FCIOB, FCInstCES:

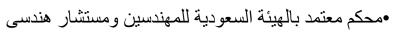
- Associate Prof. ABMS University- Switzerland
- Fellow, Chartered Institute Of Arbitrators, UK. (FCIArb)
- Fellow, Chartered Institute Of Building, UK. (FCIOB)
- Consultant Engineer, Egypt (EEA), Consultant engineer, SCE-KSA
- Fellow, Institute of Civil Engineers Surveyors, (FCInstCES).
- Certified Arbitrator, Egypt, Kuwait, Bahrain, and KSA
- Fellow and A Prof. Justice Academy for Legal and economics studies, 2017
- Risk Management Professional, and PMP®, 2006, MCI.Arb, MRICS, PMOC
- QMS/ Qa Management IRCA Certification.
- CCP Certified Cost Consultant AACEI, US.
- Contracts/Commercial Director, ZAMIL, Ital consult, Parsons, DAR, AECOM.

#### Profile

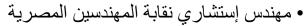
#### دكتورمهندس مصطفى إسماعيل أبوضيف MRICS













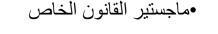
• أستاذ مساعد بالجامعة السويسرية (العقود وإدارة المشروعات).

•ممتحن معتمد لشهادات دولية التكاليف والمطالبات وعضوية منظمات الإعتماد الدولي



•ماجستير ودكتوراه جامعة الإزهر (العقود والمطالبات).





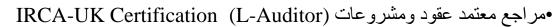


• زميل المعهد البريطاني للبناء - FCIOB - زميل المعهد البريطاني للمهندسين المساحيين FInstCES

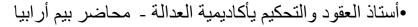














Commercial/Claims director: Zamil, Ital consult, DAR, Parsons, AECOM.

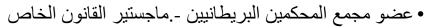




#### **Profile**

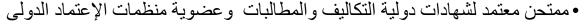
#### دكتورمهندس مصطفى إسماعيل أبوضيف MRICS





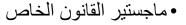


- محكم معتمد بالهيئة السعودية للمهندسين ومستشار هندسي )عضوية 27سنة (
  - أستاذ مساعد بالجامعة السويسرية )العقود وإدارة المشروعات.(





• ماجستير ودكتوراه جامعة الإزهر )العقود والمطالبات. (



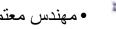


• زميل المعهد البريطاني للبناء - FCIOB



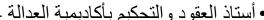


• حاصل على الإعتماد المهني CFCCTM- AACE- USA المطالبات العقود.



• مهندس معتمد PMP® - PMI-RMP® - CCP® PMOC , SSGB, and

• مراجع معتمد عقود ومشروعات (L-Auditor)





- أستاذ العقو د و التحكيم يأكاديمية العدالة -
- محاضر بيم أر إبيا
- مهندس مدنى -إنشاءات -هندسة عين شمس 1988
- Commercial/Claims director: Zamil, Ital consult, DAR, Parsons, AECOM. •

















#### Moustafa I. Abu Dief, FCIOB, MRICS, CFCC™, , FCInst.CES, PMP®, CCP, PMI-RMP.

#### **Contact details**

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https://www.linkedin.com/in/moustafa-ismail-abu-dief-93798a16/

https://twitter.com/moustafaabudief

 $\underline{https://www.slideshare.net/moustafismail}$ 

00966508297971-00966560074207 KSA



### RICS- APC

#### Can I do It?

### <u>Assessment of Professional Competence (APC)</u>











#### Moustafa I. Abu Dief, FCIOB, MRICS, CFCC™, , FCInst.CES, PMP®, CCP, PMI-RMP.

MRICS				
/رقم 28 إيريل 2ملاحظات عن محاضرة اليوم01				
ملاحظاتی	الموضوع	م		
Contract Manager/Contract Eng./Contract Admin/Senior Chartered Qs/ Commercial Manager/Procurement Manager/Supply Chain Manager/PM/CM./Cost Manager/Cost Eng./Cost Controller	الوظائف المناسبة للمساحين القانونيين	1		
		2		
		3		
		4		



#### RICS- APC

#### Can I do It?

#### <u>Assessment of Professional Competence (APC)</u>





The Assessment of Professional Competence (APC) ensures that candidates are competent and meet the high standards of professionalism required to become a chartered surveyor.



The APC is based on candidates achieving a set of requirements and competencies. These are:



a mix of technical and professional practice, interpersonal, business and management



skills. Completing the APC and the professional interview successfully leads to



Professional qualification with RICS and the much sought after letters – MRICS.





#### **RICS** (institution not institute)

An independent, not-for-profit organisation, RICS acts in the public interest: منظمة غير ربحية تعمل للصالح العام

- ✓ setting and regulating the highest standards of competence and integrity among our members; وتنظيم أعلى المستويات القياسية للجدارة و النزاهة بين الأعضاء إعداد
- ✓ Provide impartial, authoritative advice on key issues for business& governments تقديم الرأي المحايد بالمواضيع الرئيسية
- ✓ Serving the public interest : 1868 الملكي 1868 الملكي 1868
  - o RICS was founded in London in 1868 and granted a Royal Charter by Queen Victoria in 1881.
  - o The Charter requires the Institution "to maintain and promote the usefulness of the profession for the public advantage."

    الميثاق الملكي يتطلب أن تحافظ وتطور إفادة الصالح العام



#### **RICS** (institution not institute)

An Institution is an organisation that

exists to serve a public purpose.

An institute is an organisation to advance

the study of a particular subject.





## **Why Join RICS?**



Global passport: Our standards and qualifications are recognised worldwide, opening doors to global career opportunities. Increased earning مقاییس ومؤهلات معترف بها عالمیا potential: On average RICS professionals earn more than their unqualified peers. An RICS qualification also ensures that you can command higher fees from clients.

كما يمكنك طلب أتعاب أعلى الدخل يتوقع أن يكون أعلى من الأقر ان الغير معتمدين . بظر الجودة الخدمات المتوقعة كمحترف عضو بالمعهد



## **Why Join RICS?**

- 1. Status: RICS credentials command respect from clients & peers by demonstrating you work to highest professional ethical standard. تحوز الإحترام وتقدير العملاء والأقران باظهار المستوى المميز للخدمات والمهنية
- 2. Recognition: promoting the value of RICS standards, we aim to ensure that professionalism is embedded in the market, which provides public confidence مقاييس عالية تهدف إلى زرع المهنية والحرفية مما يولد الثقة العامة .
- 3. Market advantage: By working to RICS standards ,you provide unequaled confidence to the market and gain a competitive advantage. الميزات السوقية \_\_\_الميزات السوقية \_\_\_الفرص التنافسية \_\_\_الفرص التنافسية \_\_\_الميزات السوقية \_\_\_الميزات السوقية \_\_\_الميزات السوقية \_\_\_الميزات السوقية \_\_\_الميزات السوقية \_\_\_\_الميزات السوقية \_\_\_\_الميزات السوقية \_\_\_\_الميزات السوقية \_\_\_\_\_الميزات السوقية \_\_\_\_\_الميزات السوقية \_\_\_\_\_الميزات السوقية \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Knowledge: RICS provides a range of practice standards, CPD, and best practice guidance to help maintain the highest levels of professionalism/knowledge. تتوفر أفضل الممارسات والتدريب ومصادر للتطوير المعرفي والمعرفي
- 5. Network: With 125,000 professionals worldwide, RICS connects you to professionals & clients. بفضل عضو تربطنا المنظمة مع الأسواق العالمية والمحلية/محترف 125000



## **Why Join RICS?**



- **□** world of opportunity
- 1. Competitive advantage: RICS qualification is good on your CV. Recruiters & employers demand it.
- **Professional development:** Enhance your career prospects and support your development with <u>RICS</u>.
- 2. Global passport: standards/qualifications are recognised worldwide, opening doors to global opportunities
- 3. Increased earning potential: On average, RICS professionals earn more than their unqualified peers.
- 4. Risk mitigation: RICS qualification offers you excellent protection against the risk of redundancy (termination); employers are using our accreditation to benchmark their people. الإستقرار الوظيفي



#### **RICS**

التنظيمات

Royal Charter and Bye-Laws 10



We're incorporated by Royal Charter, which sets out our objectives



لتأاكيد على أنها تفيد المهنة لصالح المملكة والعالم

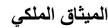
In practice, the charter means that important changes to our constitution – its bye-laws – have to be ratified by the UK Government. through the Privy Council, even after they've been approved by a majority of our members voting at a general meeting.

أي تغيير هام في التشكيل يعتمد من الحكومة البريطانية الميثاق الملكي والطلب المستمر

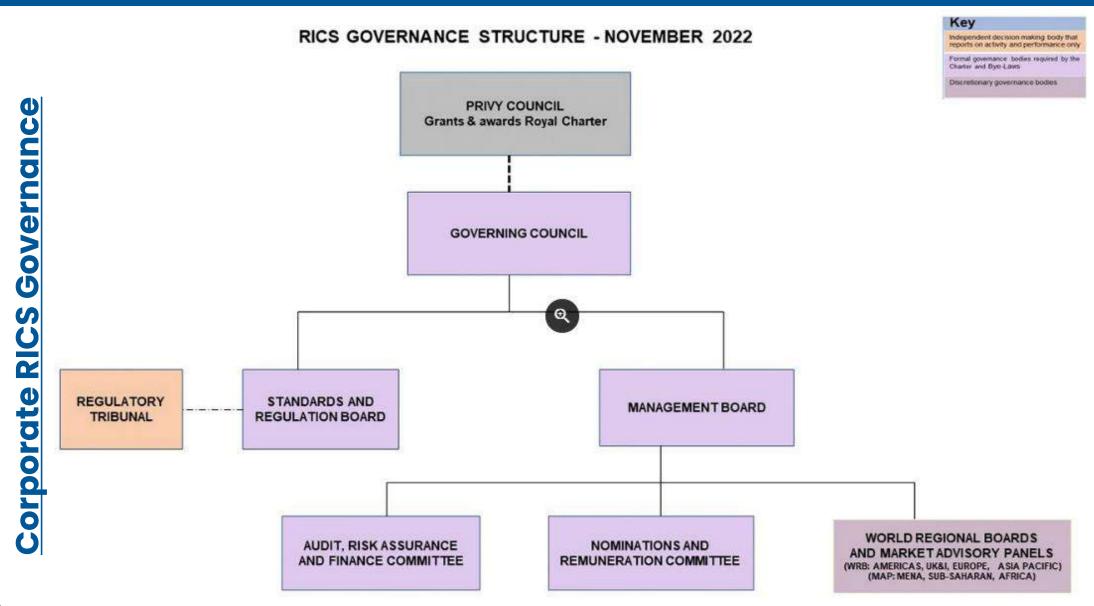
The continued demand for royal charters, which may seem an antiquated concept, shows that they retain their cachet in the modern professional world as a "gold standard" of excellence and integrity.

الميثاق الملكي يبين بأنها تتبوأ موقع مميز في المجال المهنى الحديث









#### **Corporate RICS Governance**

#### Our governance structure

- o Royal Charter requires RICS to act in the **public interest**.
- O Under the **Royal Charter**, RICS' governing body is the Governing Council, responsible for **approving RICS strategy and vision** and overseeing the effective delivery of the strategy, standards & regulation. also responsible for approving changes to RICS' constitution.
- o Governing Council is **supported by the Executive Board** and expert governance bodies populated by active RICS members, RICS employees & independent non-executives.





#### **Corporate RICS Governance**

#### World Regional Boards مجالس إقليمية

RICS has divided its global membership into five regions, each with a World Regional Board reporting to the Member Services Committee. Each Board is responsible for developing a strategy and business plan for its region.

UK and Ireland World Regional Board

Asia Pacific World Regional Board

Europe World Regional Board

Middle East and Africa World Regional Board

Americas World Regional Board

View all World Regional Boards



#### **RICS OVERVIEW**

#### RICS Standards & Guidance

#### Sector standards & guidance

Sector standards establish the expectations of members of the profession and RICS regulated firms when practising in specific disciplines and relate primarily to technical competence and ethical conduct. Standards of conduct apply to all sectors.



# **6 Sectors**



#### **RICS OVERVIEW**

#### RICS Standards & Guidance Publications

Document status defined: following table shows categories of RICS professional content & their definitions.

Type of document	Definition
RICS Rules of Conduct for Members and RICS Rules of Conduct for Firms	These Rules set out the standards of professional conduct and practice expected of members and firms registered for regulation by RICS.
International standard	High-level standard developed in collaboration with other relevant bodies.
RICS professional statement (PS)	Mandatory requirements for RICS members and regulated firms.
RICS guidance note (GN)	A document that provides users with recommendations or an approach for accepted good practice as followed by competent and conscientious practitioners.
RICS code of practice (CoP)	A document developed in collaboration with other professional bodies and stakeholders that will have the status of a professional statement or guidance note.
RICS jurisdiction guide	This provides relevant local market information associated with an RICS international standard or RICS professional statement. This will include local legislation, associations and professional bodies as well as any other useful information that will help a user understand the local requirements connected with the standard or statement. This is not guidance or best practice material, but rather information to support adoption and implementation of the standard or statement locally.

#### Revision

## **FIVE (5) Rules of Conduct**



Members and firms must be honest, act with integrity and comply with their professional obligations, including obligations to RICS

Members and firms must maintain their professional competence and ensure that services are provided bv competent individuals who have the necessary مؤهلين أشخاص expertise

Members and firms provide must good-quality and diligent service.

الخدمات بكد وجودة

عالية

Members and firms must treat others with respect and encourage diversity and inclusion.

الإحترام والتنوع والإستيعاب

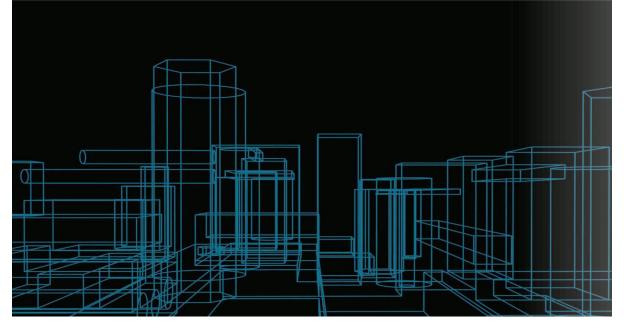
Members and firms must act in the public interest, take responsibility for their actions and act to prevent harm and maintain public confidence in the profession. العمل للصالح العام وتحمل المسئولية

أمانة ونزاهة

أمانة ونزاهة

أشخاص مؤهلين

العمل للصالح العام وتحمل المسئولية الإحترام والتنوع والإستيعاب آداء الخدمات بعناية وجودة عالية





# Chartered Quantity Surveyor Role

- What is Chartered surveyor?
- A Chartered Surveyor is a building surveyor who assesses properties for defects, future issues, or problems. Surveyors produce a report so you can see if the property is a good investment. تقریر لتتبین إن كان استثمار مناسب

#### **CHARTERED QUANTITY SURVEYOR ROLE**

**☐** What is a Chartered surveyor?

To become a 'Chartered Surveyor', a surveyor will have taken **extra qualifications** and had a **certain level of experience**, which is approved by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS).

#### Some surveyors:

may not have gone on to get these extra levels of education to become chartered, but will still be regulated by RICS, and be fully qualified. These can be known as Assoc RICS, associates, or simply building surveyors(not chartered).



#### **Chartered Quantity Surveyor Role**

- What does a surveyor do?
- •RICS develops and enforces leading international standards to protect consumers and businesses, ensuring the highest level of professionalism. يقوم بالتأكيد على تطبيق المقاييس الدولية باستخدام أفضل المستويات من المهنية باستخدام أفضل المستويات من المهنية

#### Chartered surveyor's job involves:

• land, property, and construction. Value property and examine buildings for defects; offer expert advice on environmental issues & construction.

تقرير للإستثمار-النواحي البيئية -العيوب-الفحص-التقييم

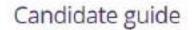


### RICS- APC

#### Can I do It?

#### **Candidate Guide**





( RICS

February 2024







## **RICS-Pathways**

#### **Introduction**



RICS' pathways and competencies define the knowledge, skills, experience and competence



Those required to become a chartered surveyor.



Candidates must achieve a set of requirements and competencies.



Again, technical and professional practice, business, interpersonal, and management skills.



The technical/optional competencies undertaken will depend on your pathway.

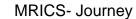


#### INTRODUCTION

## Things to consider before you apply

#### Are you a senior professional, specialist, or academic?

- your career has progressed based on seniority, specialisation or through academia, there are assessment routes to match your experience:
  - ✓ senior professional you have experience as a leader and manager
  - ✓ specialist you have enhanced skills as a recognised authority
  - ✓ academic you are teaching or researching at a university.



#### INTRODUCTION

## Things to consider before you apply

Direct entry (CCP): You may be eligible if you already have professional qualifications or are a member of another professional body. You may be exempt from some of our entry criteria and be eligible for direct entry. إعفاء من بعض معايير التسجيل

Ex. Chartered Institution of Civil Engineering Surveyors. CICES.org

Country	Professional body/qualification	Conditions	Chartered alternative designation applicable
UK	Institute of Chartered Foresters (ICF)	Professional Member (MICFor)     Relevant undergraduate degree     10 years' relevant experience post-Professional membership	Chartered Forestry Surveyor
	Chartered Institution of Civil Engineering Surveyors (ICES)	Member (MCInstCES)     Relevant undergraduate degree     Five years' relevant experience post-membership  Note: MCInstCES with no academic qualifications are eligible for direct entry with 10 years' relevant experience post-membership	Chartered Quantity     Surveyor     Chartered Construction     Surveyor     Chartered Land Surveyor     (Subject to ICES specialism)
Germany	OPA – Oberprüfungsamt des Bundes –	Successful completion of the 2nd German State Examination	Chartered Land Surveyor

#### INTRODUCTION

## Things to consider before you apply

To apply to be Chartered through direct entry, you'll need:

- ✓ a proposer who is Chartered (MRICS) or a Fellow (FRICS)
- ✓ a record of your recent CPD (Continuing Professional Development)
- ✓ a letter from the professional body confirming your membership (i.e. CICES.org)

https://apply.rics.org/MricsDE/OpenApplicationExist

This form is to enrol for the MRICS qualification through direct entry.

To complete this form and enroll online, you will need:

- Proof of qualification or professional body membership upload a copy of this to the form.
- Your employer's contact details
- Your payment details. e.g. Credit card is required

# Things to consider before you apply

APC Preliminary: do you have 5 or more years of relevant work experience?

✓ Combine 5 years or more with **any degree**,

✓Or 5 Y with an RICS-approved professional body membership qualification, and you may be

able to progress to a final APC assessment following a preliminary review.



Qualifications approved for entry onto an RICS assessment - as of August 2021



The qualifications set out below are accepted for entry onto the APC w/ preliminary review option, the Senior Professional Assessment, and the Specialist Assessment.

This is not an exhaustive list – all qualifications approved for direct entry to MRICS are also accepted if applicants do not meet the conditions for direct entry.

Country	Organisation								
IK	Association of Cost Engineers (ACostE) - Member (MACostE)								
	Institute of Workplace and Facilities Management (IWFM, formerly known as BIFM) – Member or Certified Member with either the IWFM / BIFM Level 6 Diploma or BIFM Level 7 Diploma								
	Chartered Association of Building Engineers (CABE) – C. Build E MCABE designation								
	Chartered Institute of Building (CIOB) – Member (MCIOB)								
	Chartered Institute of Environmental Health (CIEH) - Chartered Environmental Health Practitioner								
	Chartered Institute of Management Accountants (CIMA) – Chartered Global Management Accountant								
	Energy Institute (EI) – Member (MEI)								
	Institute of Chartered Accountants England and Wales (ICAEW) or Institute of Chartered Accountants Scotland (ICAS) – Chartered Accountant								
	Institute of Ecology and Environmental Management (IEEM) – Full Member (MIEEM)								
	Institution of Civil Engineers (ICE) – Full Member								
	Institution of Mechanical Engineers (IME) – Full Member								
	Institution of Structural Engineers (ISE) – Chartered Member								

Kuwait



Royal Environmental Health Institute of Scotland (REHIS) – Chartered Environmental Health Officer
Royal Institution of British Architects (RIBA) – Chartered Member
Royal Incorporation of Architects for Scotland (RIAS) – Chartered Member
Royal Town Planning Institute (RTPI) – Chartered Member
HypZert (F) Valuers – the requirements for Senior Professional Assessment have been modified for HypZert (F) Valuers. Please contact RICS Deutschland for further guidance
Shanghai Construction Cost Association (SCCA) – Full Member
Association for the Advancement of Cost Engineering International (AACEI) – Member with the certification Certified Cost Consultant (CCC) or Certified Cost Engineer (CCE) or Certified Cost Professional (CCP)
Society of Industrial and Office Realtors (SIOR) – Full Member
Philippines Institute of Certified Quantity Surveyors (PICQS) – Full Member



# Things to consider before you apply

### Do you have an RICS accredited degree?

✓If hold an RICS accredited degree, a number of entry points depending on your relevant experience

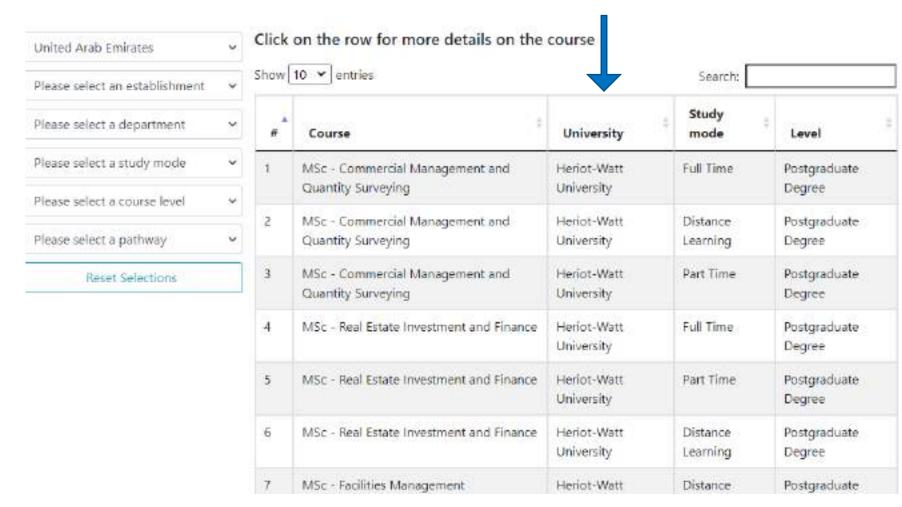
Find out if you have an RICS-accredited degree

#### RICS ACCREDITED DEGREES. FIND THE RIGHT COURSE FOR YOU.



# Things to consider before you apply

Do you have an RICS accredited degree?



Things to consider before you apply

For Chartered membership, you can choose from 22 different

**Sector Pathways.** 

Find out more about Sector Pathways:

https://www.rics.org/join-rics/sector-pathways



# Things to consider before you apply

# Sector pathways



During your journey towards a RICS qualification, you are assessed on your sector-specific skills, knowledge and experience.

You will select the sector pathway most closely linked to your area of expertise.

For Associate qualification (AssocRICS) there are 13 sector pathways available.

For Chartered qualification (MRICS) there are 22 sector pathways.

Sector Pathways: Competencies Guide (PDF 1.37MB)



Published date: 01 February 2022

#### How we assess your skills

For each sector pathway, you will be assessed against a range of specific competencies. These are split between mandatory, core and optional competencies:



# Things to consider before you apply

### Find out if you have an RICS-accredited degree

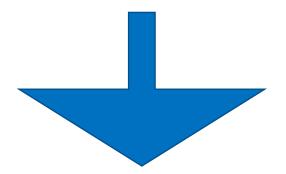
Your entry route will depend on how much relevant work experience you have or 'Structured training'.

### **Competencies**

Obtain sign-off of the sector pathway competencies achieved by a professional member to use this experience towards the minimum of 400 days/2 years APC requirement.

For Chartered membership, you can choose from 22 different Sector Pathways.

Find out more about Sector Pathways:



# Things to consider before you apply

## **Remember**



APC Prelim: do you have 5 or more years of relevant work experience?

Combine 5 years or more with any degree,

or with an RICS-approved professional body membership qualification, and you may be able to progress to a final APC assessment following a preliminary review.

You can enrol on APC Prelim at any time, but must have 12 months of experience post degree or **membership qualification** when you submit at the preliminary review stage.



# **APC Components-Submission**

# FOUR Components

## 1. 48 Hrs CPD

Continuing Professional Development (CPD) Record

- ✓ If structured training, you must complete a minimum of 48 hours per 12 months of structured training.
- ✓ If you have not received structured training, you need to demonstrate 48 hours in the 12 months before your **final assessment**.
- ✓ If you are required to take a preliminary review, you must demonstrate a minimum of 48 hours in the 12 months before your review and maintain an up-to-date CPD record prior to your **final assessment**.
- ✓ At least 50% of your CPD must be dedicated to **formal** development.



#### **APC Components-Submission**

# 2. Summary of Experience (SOE) / Competencies

**Summary of Experience - Mandatory Competencies (1500 words in total)** 

Summary of Experience - Technical Competencies 4000 Words



For your technical competencies, you are required to write a maximum of 4000 words in total, including the core and optional competencies.



1500+4000= 5500 Word

### **APC Components-Submission**

3. Case Study (3000 word-2years)

4. Professional Module (Ethics-Rules of Conduct)

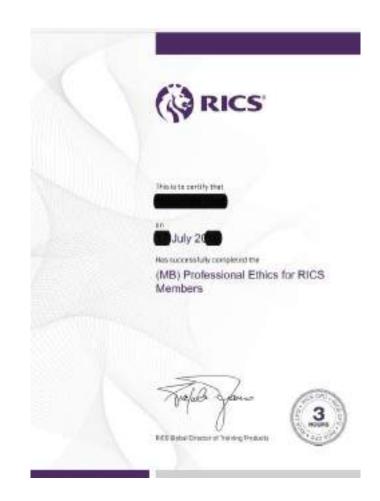
(Care to be demonstrated in the SOE and CS).





## **APC Components-Submission**

4. Professional Module (Ethics-Rules of Conduct) (Care to be demonstrated in the SOE and CS).





## **Competencies**

**Mandatory** – personal and professional practice and business skills (these are the same for all sector pathways)

**Core** – the main skills of your chosen pathway

**Optional** – additional skills for your chosen pathway.

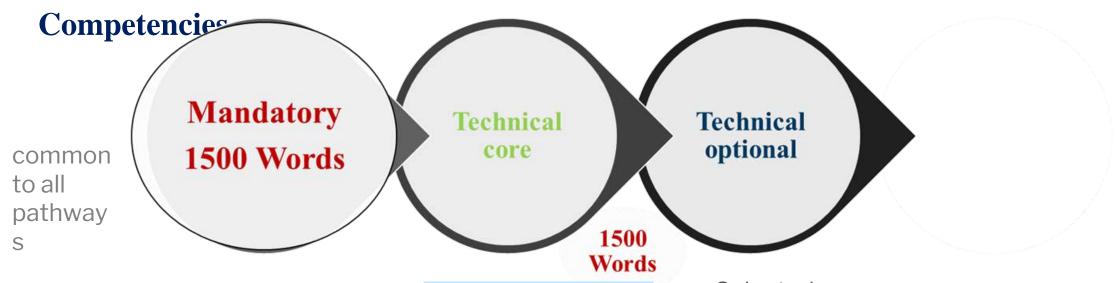
### Each competency is assessed at three levels:

Level 1 – knowledge and understanding

Level 2 – application of knowledge

Level 3 – depth & synthesis/combination of technical knowledge & implementation. advise your client The levels you are required to reach for each competency vary across sector pathways and depending on whether you are applying to be Associate Member (AssocRICS) or a Chartered Member (MRICS).

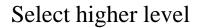




personal, interpersonal, professional practice & business skills common to all pathways and mandatory for all candidates.

the primary skills of your chosen pathway

Selected as additional skill requirements for your pathway from a list of competencies relevant to the area of practice





#### **Inclusive list of Pathways:**

Commercial Real Estate

Corporate Real Estate - MRICS only

**Environmental Surveying - MRICS only** 

**Facility Management** 

Geomatics

Infrastructure - MRICS only

Land and Resources

Management Consultancy - MRICS only

Minerals and Waste Management - MRICS only

Personal Property/Arts and Antiques - MRICS only

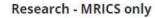
Planning and Development - MRICS only



**Project Management** 

Property Finance and Investment - MRICS only

**Quantity Surveying and Construction** 



Residential

Rural - MRICS only

Taxation Allowances - MRICS only

Valuation

Valuation of Businesses and Intangible Assets - MRICS only



#### Example 1.

## **Building Surveying**

Involved in property and construction, from supervising large mixed-use developments to planning domestic extensions. Requires enhanced technical knowledge and enables to work in niche areas,

**Chartered Member (MRICS)** 

✓ you will be assessed against (7) Core Competencies + (3) Optional Competencies. (10)

### □Core Competencies (to Level 3) 6x3+1x1

1. Building pathology 2.Construction technology and environmental services 3.Contract administration 4. Design and specification 5. Inspection 6. Legal/regulatory compliance, and





#### **Inclusive list of Pathways:**

Commercial Real Estate

Corporate Real Estate - MRICS only

**Environmental Surveying - MRICS only** 

**Facility Management** 

Geomatics

Infrastructure - MRICS only

Land and Resources

Management Consultancy - MRICS only

Minerals and Waste Management - MRICS only

Personal Property/Arts and Antiques - MRICS only

Planning and Development - MRICS only



**Project Management** 

Property Finance and Investment - MRICS only

**Quantity Surveying and Construction** 



Research - MRICS only

Residential

Rural - MRICS only

Taxation Allowances - MRICS only

Valuation

Valuation of Businesses and Intangible Assets - MRICS only



### Example 2. Project Management

- O You occupy a **central role** (PM/CM/Head/Quality/Control M) in the development process, driving the completion of projects.
- o From project brief to selecting, appointing, and coordinating teams, representing clients through construction programme, managing inputs, consultants, contractors, stakeholders

### **Associate Member (AssocRICS)**

you will be assessed against six out of eight Core Competencies.

### **Core Competencies**

- 1. Commercial management of construction. 2. Construction technology and environmental services.
- 3. Contract practice. 4. Procurement and tendering.
- 5. Programming & planning. 6. Project administration. 7. Project evaluation 8. Risk M

MRICS- Journey

#### **Example 2. Project Management**

### **Chartered Member (MRICS)**

(8+2)

To become a Chartered Member on the PM pathway, you will be assessed against eight Core Mandatory Competencies

are Common

Competencies and **two** of the Optional Competencies.

### **□** Core Competencies

- 1.Contract practice (Level3)
- 2.Development/project briefs (Level 3).
- 3.Leading projects, people and teams (Level 3).

- 5x3+3x2=8 Core
- 4. Managing projects (Level 3). Programming and planning (Level 3).
- 5. Construction technology and environmental services (Level 2).
- 6.Procurement and tendering (Level 2).

8. Project finance (Level 2).



#### **Example 3. Project Management**

### **Chartered Member (MRICS)**

☐ Optional Competencies: one to Level 2 + 1 to L2 from core or optional

• Accounting principles and procedures **or** Communication and negotiation (must be to Level 3) or

Conflict avoidance, management and dispute resolution procedures **or** Sustainability

• BIM management Commercial management

• Consultancy Services Contract Administration

• Development appraisals Legal/regulatory compliance 2x2

• Maintenance management Performance management

• Purchase and sale Stakeholder management

• Supplier management Works progress and quality management

Plus one to Level 2 from either the Core Competencies or Optional Competencies.



#### **Example 3. Quantity Surveyor and Construction**

#### **Chartered Member (Ass/MRICS)**



- You are the cost manager. This involves the capital expenditure phase of a building or facility (feasibility to design and construction).
- Involved with extensions, refurbishment, maintenance and demolition of a facility.
- Your experience may be in **residential**, commercial, **industrial**, agricultural or retail facilities; you require the ability to manage cost effectively, **equating** quality and value with client needs.

## تناسب الوظائف التالية Suits:

Contract Manager/Contract Eng./Contract Admin/Senior Chartered Qs/ Commercial Manager/procurement Manager/Supply Chain Manager/PM/CM./Cost Manager/Cost Eng./Cost controller/ Construction lawyer/ claims professional.



### **Example 3. Quantity Surveyor and Construction**



### □Associate Member (AssocRICS) 5+1

you will be assessed against five Core Competencies and one of the Optional Competencies.

- **□** Core Competencies
- 1) Construction technology & environmental services.
- 2)Contract practice.
- 3)Procurement and tendering.
- 4)Project financial control & reporting.
- 5) Quantification & costing of construction works.





## **Example 3. Quantity Surveyor and Construction**



- □ Associate Member (AssocRICS) 5+1
  - Optional Competencies
- 1.BIM management
- 2. Commercial management of construction
- 3.Design economics and cost planning





#### **Example 4. Quantity Surveyor and Construction**

**Chartered Member (MRICS)** 6x3+2x2

MRICS-Qs&Const 6x3+2 x2 you will be assessed against (6) Core Competencies and (2) of the Optional Competencies

- ☐ Core Competencies: to Level 3
- 1. Commercial management (of construction works) or Design economics and cost planning.
- 2. Construction technology and environmental services. (dewatering- Concrete vs steel structures)
- 3. Contract practice.
- 4. Procurement and tendering.



- 5. Project finance (control and reporting).
- 6. Quantification and costing (of construction works). (NRM1-NRM2-NRM3)



### **Example 4. Quantity Surveyor and Construction**

What is the structure of the NRM 1? Order of cost estimating and cost planning for capital building works

A Part 1: General Introduction

Part 2: Measurement rules for order of cost estimate

Part 3: Measurement rules for cost planning

Part 4: Tabulated rules of measurement for elemental cost planning

- Appendices



A Part 1: General introduction

Part 2: Rules for detailed measurement of building works

Part 3: Tabulated rules of measurement for building works

- Appendices



### **Example 4. Quantity Surveyor and Construction**

### What is the structure of NRM 3? Order of cost estimating and cost planning for building maintenance works

Part 1: General introduction

Part 2: New rules of measurement for building maintenance works

Part 3: Measurement rules for order of cost estimating (renewal and maintain)

Part 4: Measurement rules for cost planning and renewal (R) and maintain (M) works

Part 5: Calculation of annualized costs for renewal (R) and maintain (M) works

Part 6: Tabulated rules of measurement for elemental cost planning





#### **Example 4. Quantity Surveyor and Construction**

**Chartered Member (MRICS)** 

#### Optional Competencies: two to Level 2- 2x2

1. Capital allowances



2.Commercial management **or** Design economics and cost planning (whichever is not selected as core

competency)

3. Conflict avoidance, management, and dispute resolution procedures or Sustainability

#### 4. Contract administration

**5.** Corporate recovery and insolvency

6. Due diligence

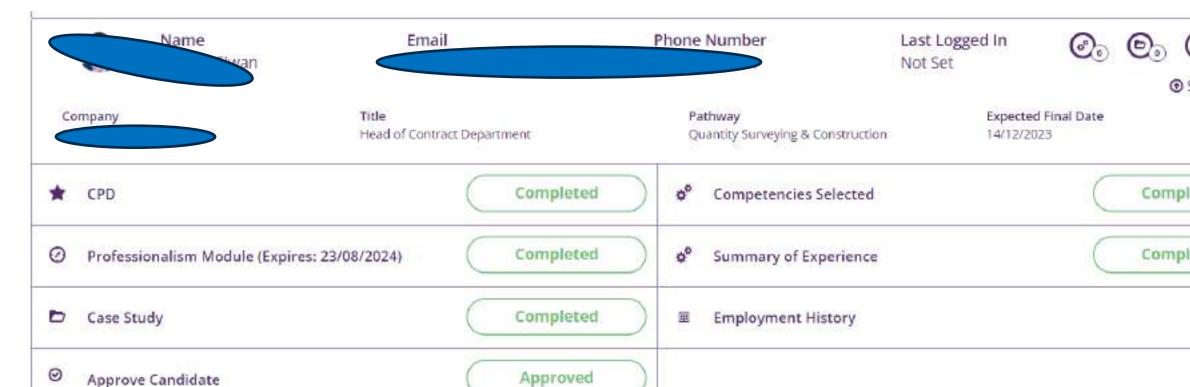
7. Insurance

8. Programming and planning

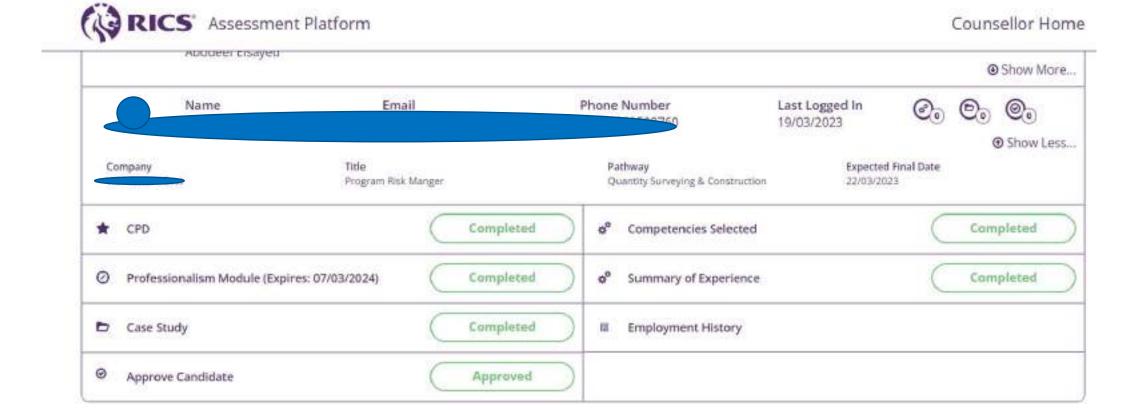
9. Project feasibility analysis

10. Risk management

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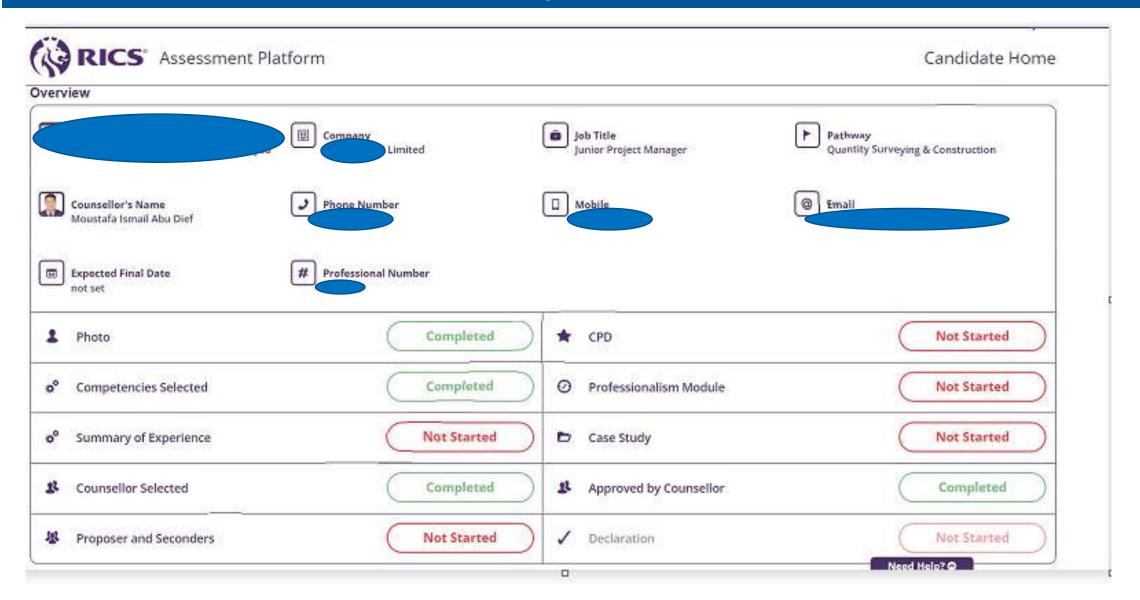


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If you have just completed the Professionalism Module, please be aware that your Completed status is not updated in the system immediately and it may take up to an hour for this to happen. Thank you for your patience.





MRICS- Journey

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## Fees

# **Fees**



	Ti v	19 E	2021												
World Region	Country	Billing Currency	Fellow	Professional Member	Professional Member - under 2 yrs	APC Candidate	Associate	Associate Candidate							
	United Kingdom	GBP	GBP 658	GBP 539	GBP 354	GBP 161	GBP 298	GBP 127							
	Ireland	EUR	EUR 858	EUR 705	EUR 461	EUR 214	EUR 388	EUR 163							
	Angola	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
	Benin	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
	Botswana	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
	Burkina Faso	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
	Burundi	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
	Cameroon	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
	Cape Verde	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
-	Central African Republic	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
EMEA	Chad	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
Σ	Comoros	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
ш	Congo	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
	Cote D'ivoire	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
	Djibouti	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
	Equatorial Guinea	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
	Eritria	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
	Ethiopia	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
	Gabon	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
	Gambia	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
	Ghana	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							
	Guinea	USD	USD 688	USD 565	USD 369	USD 170	USD 158	USD 121							



#### Fees



World Region	Country		2021										
		Billing	Fellow	Professional Member	Professional Wember- under 2 yrs	APC Candidata	Associate	Associate Candidata					
	Invest	leie	ninero	ENID 700	eum and	E140 040	EUD DO	Exam ac					
	Belarus	EUR	EUR 859	EUR 706	EUR 461	EUR 212	EUR 201	EUR 16					
	Georgia		EUR 859	EUR 706	EUR 461	EUR 212	EUR 201	EUR 16					
	Kazakhstan	EUR	EUR 859	EUR 706	EUR 461	EUR 212	EUR 201	EUR 16					
	Kyrgyzstan	EUR	EUR 859	EUR 706	EUR 401	EUR 212	EUR 201	EUR 16					
	Republic of Moldova	EUR	EUR 859	EUR 706	EUR 461	EUR 212	EUR 201	EUR 16					
	Russian Federation	EUR	EUR 859	EUR 706	EUR 461	EUR 212	EUR 201	EUR 16					
	Taykistan	EUR	EUR 859	EUR 706	EUR 461	EUR 212	EUR 201	EUR 16					
	Turkmenistan	EUR	EUR 859	EUR 706	EUR 461	EUR 212	EUR 201	EUR 16					
	Ukraine	EUR	EUR 859	EUR 706	EUR 461	EUR 212	EUR 201	EUR 16					
	Uzbekistan	EUR	EUR 859	EUR 706	EUR 401	EUR 212	EUR 201	EUR 16					
	Afghanistan	GBP	GBP 622	GBP 511	GBP 335	GBP 162	GBP 154	GBP 12					
	Bahrain	GBP	GBP 622	GBP 511	GBP 335	GBP 162	GBP 154	GBP 12					
	Egypt	GBP	GBP 622	688 511	GBP 335	GBP 162	GBP 154	GBP 12					
	Iraq	GBP	GBP 622	GBP 511	GBP 335	GBP 162	GBP 154	GBP 12					
	felamic Republic Of Iran	GBP	GBP 622	G8P 511	GBP 335	GBP 162	GBP:154	GBP 12					
	Jordan	GBP	GBP 622	GBP 511	GBP 335	GBP 162	GBP 154	G8P 12					
	Kuwait	GBP	GBP 622	G8P 511	GBP 335	GBP 162	GBP 154	G8P 12					
	Lebanon	GBP	GBP 022	688 511	GBP 335	GBP 102	GBP 154	GBP 12					
	Libyan Arab Jamahinya	GBP.	GBP 622	088 511	GBP 335	GBP 162	GBP 154	GBP 12					
	Omari	GBP	GBP 622	GBP 511	GBP 335	GBP 162	GBP 154	OBP:12					
	Pakistan	GBP.	GBP 622	GBP 511	GBP 336	GBP 162	GBP 154	GBP 12					
	Palestnian Territory	GBP	GBP 622	GBP 511	GBP 335	GBP 182	GBP 154	GBP 12					
	Qetar	GBP	GBP 622	GBP 511	GBP 335	GBP 162	G8P 154	GSP 12					
	Sauci Arabia	GBP	GBP 622	G8P 511	GBP 335	G8P 162	GBP 154	GBP 12					
	Syrian Arab Republic	GBP	G8P/622	688 511	GBP:335	G8P:162	GBP 154	G8P112					
	United Arab Emirates	GBP	GBP 622	GBP 511	GBP 335	GBP 102	GBP 154	GBP 12					
	Yensen	GBE	GBP 622	58P 511	GBP 335	GBP 162	GBP:154	GBP 12					

For APC Preliminary route
Enrolment Fee £575
+Annual Membership Fee 2023

162+VAT+Fee 2024(162)=

£ 737

**Register on June** 

The APC Preliminary Review is ideal for those with the requisite years of experience who want to formalize their knowledge with a qualification.



# **Competency list and descriptors**

✓ – Core ✓ – Optional	Environmental Surveying	Geomatics	Minerals and Waste Management	Planning and Development	Rural	Land and Resources	Personal Property / Arts and Antiques	Commerdal Real Estate	Corporate real estate	Facilities Management	Management Consultancy	Property Finance and Investment	Residential	Valuation	Valuation of Businesses and Intangible Assets	Building Control	BuildingSurveying	Infrastructure	Project Management	Quantity Surveying and Construction	Taxation Allowances
Technical																					
Access and rights over land				1	1	1															
Agriculture					1	1															
Asset identification and assessment															1						
Asset management										1								1			
Auctioneering					1		1	1					1	1							
Big data		1				1				1											
BIM management		1		1				1		1						1	1	1	1		
Building control inspections																1					
Building pathology								1					1	1		1	1				
Business alignment									1	1	1										
Business case									1	1	1										
Cadastre and land administration		1		1		1															
Capital allowances															1					1	1
Capital taxation							1	1				1	1	1							1



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✓ – Core ✓ – Optional	Environmental Surveying	Geomatics	Minerals and Waste Management	Planning and Development	Rural	Land and Resources	Personal Property / Arts and Antiques	Commerdal Real Estate	Corporate real estate	Facilities Management	Management Consultancy	Property Finance and Investment	Residential	Valuation	Valuation of Businesses and Intangible Assets	Building Control	BuildingSurveying	Infrastructure	Project Management	Quantity Surveying and Construction	Taxation Allowances
Change management									1	✓	1										
Client care						1				1							1	1			
Commercial management										1							1		1	1	
Compulsory purchase and compensation				1	1	1		1					1	1	1			1			
Conservation and restoration							1									1	1				
Construction technology and environmental services		1								1				1			1		1	1	1
Consultancy services	1	1	1			1				✓	1								1		
Contaminated land	1		1	1		1		1						1		1					1
Contract administration			1							1							1	1	1	1	
Contract practice										1							1	1	1	1	1
Corporate finance										-T	1	1			1						
Corporate recovery and insolvency								1			1			1	1					1	
Cost prediction and analysis																		1			
Cross cultural awareness in a global business																		1			
Design and specification				1						1							1				



✓ – Core ✓ – Optional	Environmental Surveying	Geomatics	Minerals and Waste Management	Planning and Development	Rural	Land and Resources	Personal Property / Arts and Antiques	Commerdal Real Estate	Corporate real estate	Facilities Management	Management Consultancy	Property Finance and Investment	Residential	Valuation	Valuation of Businesses and Intangible Assets	Building Control	Building Surveying	Infrastructure	Project Management	Quantity Surveying and Construction	Taxation Allowances
Design economics and cost planning																	1			1	1
Development appraisals	1		1	1		1		1			1	1	1	1					1		1
Development/project briefs	1	1	1	1							1						1		1		
Due diligence																				1	1
Economic development				1		1					1										
Energy and renewable resources	<b>V</b>		1			1															
Engineering surveying		1				1															
Engineering science and technology																		1			
Environmental analysis	1																				
Environmental assessment	1	1	1	1									1								
Environmental audit (and monitoring)	1		V																		
Environmental management	1					1				1											
Environmental science and processes	1																				
Financial modelling												1									
Fire safety																1	1				



✓ – Core ✓ – Optional	Environmental Surveying	Geomatics	Minerals and Waste Management	Planning and Development	Rural	Land and Resources	Personal Property / Arts and Antiques	Commerdal Real Estate	Corporate real estate	Facilities Management	Management Consultancy	Property Finance and Investment	Residential	Valuation	Valuation of Businesses and Intangible Assets	Building Control	BuildingSurveying	Infrastructure	Project Management	Quantity Surveying and Construction	Taxation Allowances
Forestry and woodland management	1				1																
Geodesy		1				1															
GIS	1	1				1															
Ground engineering and subsidence	1	1	1																		
Housing maintenance, repairs and improvements													1				1				
Housing management and policy													1								
Housing strategy and provision				1									1								
Hydrographic surveying		1				1															
Indirect investment vehicles								1				1	1	1							
Inspection	1		1			1		1	1			1	1	1		1	1				
Investment management								1				1	1	1							
Insurance							1	1						1			1			1	1
Land use and diversification	1				1	1							1								
Landlord and tenant			1		1	1		1	1	1		1	1	1			1				
Leading projects, people and teams																		1	1		



✓ - Core ✓ - Optional	Environmental Surveying	Geomatics	Minerals and Waste Management	Planning and Development	Rural	Land and Resources	Personal Property / Arts and Antiques	Commerdal Real Estate	Corporate real estate	Facilities Management	Management Consultancy	Property Finance and Investment	Residential	Valuation	Valuation of Businesses and Intangible Assets	Building Control	Building Surveying	Infrastructure	Project Management	Quantity Surveying and Construction	Taxation Allowances
Leasing/letting				1				1	V			1	1	1							
Legal/regulatory compliance	1	1	1	1		1		1		1			1	1		1	1		1		
Loan security valuation								1					1	1							
Local taxation/assessment			1					1	1			1	1	1							
Maintenance management										1			1				1		1		
Management and regeneration of the built environment	1			1																	
Management of the natural environment and landscape	1	1			1	1															
Managing projects										1								1	1		
Managing resources											1										
Market appraisal													1								
Masterplanning and urban design				1		1															
Measurement	1	1		1		1		1	V	1			1	1		1	1				
Minerals management			1			1															
Object identification							1														
Open data																					



✓ – Core ✓ – Optional	Environmental Surveying	Geomatics	Minerals and Waste Management	Planning and Development	Rural	Land and Resources	Personal Property / Arts and Antiques	Commerdal Real Estate	Corporate real estate	Facilities Management	Management Consultancy	Property Finance and Investment	Residential	Valuation	Valuation of Businesses and Intangible Assets	Building Control	Building Surveying	Infrastructure	Project Management	Quantity Surveying and Construction	Taxatlon Allowances
Performance management									1	1	1								1		
Planning and development management	1	1	1	1	1	1		1					1	1		1					
Procurement and tendering									1	1			1				1	1	1	1	
Programming and planning									1		1							1	1	1	
Project controls																		1			
Project feasibility analysis																				1	
Project finance				1						1							1	1	1	1	
Property finance and funding								1			1	1	1	1							V
Property management					1	1		1	1			1	1	1							
Purchase and sale				1	1		1	/	/			1	1	1	1				1		
Quantification and costing																	1			1	1
Quantification, costing and price analysis																		1			
Remote sensing and Photogrammetry		1																			
Research methodologies and techniques							1				1	1									
Risk management			1	1		1				1			1			1	1	1		1	1



✓ – Core ✓ – Optional	Environmental Surveying	Geomatics	Minerals and Waste Management	Planning and Development	Rural	Land and Resources	Personal Property / Arts and Antiques	Commerdal Real Estate	Corporate real estate	Facilities Management	Management Consultancy	Property Finance and Investment	Residential	Valuation	Valuation of Businesses and Intangible Assets	Building Control	BuildingSurveying	Infrastructure	Project Management	Quantity Surveying and Construction	Taxation Allowances
Smart cities and intelligent buildings						1				1	1										
Spatial planning policy and infrastructure				1		1							1								
Stakeholder management										1								1	1		
Strategic real estate consultancy				1		1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1							
Supplier management									1	1			1					1	1		
Surveying and mapping	1	1	1	1		1															
Surveying land and sea		1																			
Taxation															1						
Use of marine environment		1																			
Valuation			1	1	1	1	1	1	1			1	1	1							1
Valuation of business and intangible assets														1	1						
Valuation reporting and research															1						
Waste management	1		1			1				1					7						
Works progress and quality management			1							1						1	1		1		
Workspace strategy									1	1	1										



S O E

# Mandatory Competencies



### **Business Planning Level 1.**

• Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of how business planning activities contribute to the achievement of corporate objectives.

### **Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:**

- Types of business plan, e.g. strategic, departmental, operational, corporate.
- The essential elements of a business plan
- Organisational structures
- Methods for financial benchmarking (e.g. key financial ratios), Liquidity, Current Ratio

### Profitability, Gross Margin

- Meaning of working capital, stock, debtors and creditors

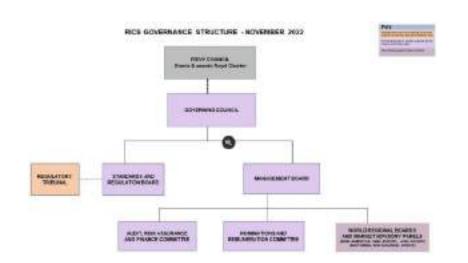


### WRITING THE COMPETENCIES

### Ethics, rules of conduct and professionalism

#### Level 1

Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the role and significance of RICS and its functions. Also an appreciation of your personal professional role and society's expectations of professional practice and RICS code of conduct and conduct regulations, including the general principles of law and the legal system, as applicable in your country of practice





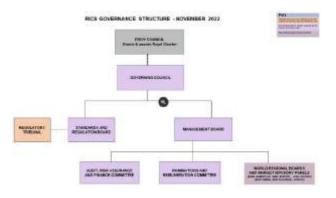
### WRITING THE COMPETENCIES

### Ethics, rules of conduct and professionalism

#### Level 1

Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:

- The structure of RICS
- RICS' global and professional ethical standards
- Mandatory Professional Statements e.g. Conflicts of Interest
- Guidance notes and their status
- RICS' CPD policy
- The role of Professional Groups





### Ethics, rules of conduct and professionalism

### Level 1

Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:

Bodies within the RICS e.g. Matrics, LionHeart

- Rules of conduct for members
- Rules of conduct for firms
- Policy documents
- Help sheets
- RICS Bye-laws (10)
- Government, legislation and regulation
- Common law
- Construction and Technology Court.

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### Ethics, rules of conduct and professionalism

#### Level 2

Provide evidence of **practical application** in your area of practice, being able to justify actions at all times and demonstrate personal commitment to the rules of conduct, ethics and RICS standards.

Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:

- Your involvement with RICS
- Identifying a conflict of interest
- Transparency in professional fees
- Checking a terms of an appointment document for compliance with RICS rules
- Handling gifts and hospitalities
- Complying with RICS' CPD policy for members
- Checking your employer's compliance with RICS rules for firms.



### Ethics, rules of conduct and professionalism

#### Level 3

Provide evidence of application of the above in your area of **practice in the context of advising clients.** 

Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:

- Dealing with a conflict of interest
- Dealing with a complaint
- Handling client's money
- Setting up professional indemnity insurance
- Registration of a firm with RICS.
- Checking your employer's compliance with RICS rules for firms.



# **Inclusive Environments- Key Topics**

• This is a level **1** mandatory competency on all pathways.

#### What is an inclusive environment?

The Construction Industry Council (CIC) defines the inclusive environment as:

'one that can be accessed and used safely, easily and with dignity by everyone', 'does not physically or socially segregate, discriminate or isolate' and 'is well designed, functional, efficient and sustainable, and delivers an enhanced user experience'.



# **Inclusive Environments- Key Topics**

### What is inclusive design?

In the CABE guide, 'The Principles of Inclusive Design', inclusive design is defined as 'making places everyone can use'. This removes barriers creating undue effort and separation, enabling all users to 'participate equally, confidently and independently in everyday environments'.

#### Who is responsible for inclusive design?

We all are.

Surveyors are involved in all aspects of the facility/building lifecycle, including site acquisition, design, construction, management and operation, demolition.

We have to integrate providing inclusive and accessible environments with everything we do. Not just be to comply with minimum legislation and regulations.

We need to fulfil our ethical, moral & professional obligations to reflect all Eng users' needs in our recommendations or decisions.



# **Inclusive Environments- Key Topics**

### What are the key principles of inclusive design?

**CIC** provided five key principles for inclusive design:

- 1. Placing people at the heart of the design process
- 2. Acknowledging diversity and difference
- 3. Offering choice where a single solution cannot accommodate all users
- 4. Providing flexibility in use
- 5. Creating an environment that is convenient and enjoyable for all to use



# **Inclusive Environments- Key Topics**

### **Achieving Inclusive Design.**

to consider five key topics relating to inclusive environments and design may be achieved though different topics: approaches and considering some topics such as:

- 1. Equality Act 2010
- 2. National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)
- 3. Approved Document M
- 4. British Standard BS 8300
- 5. Changing Places campaign



# **Inclusive Environments- Key Topics**

Achieving Inclusive Design.

Discuss the Equality Act 2010 for the inclusive environments part?

The Equality Act 2010 replaced the Disability Discrimination Acts of 1995 and 2005.

*Equality Act 2010* Section 20 states: <u>disabled individuals should not face barriers to access premises</u>. If a barrier is faced and the disabled individual is put at a substantial disadvantage in relation to a non-disabled individual, then the service provider is under an obligation to make reasonable adjustments to facilitate access.

It is more than just to facilitate physical access, e.g. through ramps or lift access. It extends to the way of providing a service. (include auxiliary aids such as hearing loops or visual aids).

- Adjustments may be implemented to alter the manner of providing the services.
  - Change the physical features or providing additional aids or services (ramp).



# **Inclusive Environments- Key Topics**

Achieving Inclusive Design.

NPPF says about inclusive environments:

Section 8 of the latest NPPF relates to the provision of healthy, inclusive and safe places. These should 'promote health and well-being, with a high standard of amenity for existing and future users'. This emphasises that high quality, inclusive design is a key principle of sustainable development, going beyond just aesthetic (visual) factors.

The Changing Places campaign?

It was launched in 2006 by the Changing Places Consortium. It aims to provide toilet facilities which are safe, comfortable and accessible for those who cannot use standard accessible toilets.

Changing Places toilets will have adequate space and facilities, e.g. height adjustable changing benches and hoists, to meet a variety of user requirements. Research suggests that over 250,000 people in the UK would benefit from the provision of Changing Places toilets, including users living with motor neurone disease, multiple sclerosis and cerebral palsy.

#### **COMMERCIAL MANAGEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION**

This competency covers the commercial management of construction works. Candidates should have an how awareness commercial competitiveness balances against profitability. They must have a thorough understanding of the financial processes used to achieve profitability and how these integrate with the overall delivery of the project

#### Examples of likely knowledge, skills and experience at each level

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the principles of the management of construction projects.	Apply your knowledge to the financial management of construction projects, including regular monitoring and reporting on cashflow and profitability.	Monitor, report and advise on project cashflows and profitability. Evaluate and advise on the financial implications and appropriate management actions.
Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:
Identifying and understanding the components that make up the cost of the project to the contractor	Collecting of data for reports     Carrying out cost to completion exercises	<ul> <li>Monitoring, analysing, reporting and advising at a senior level on project cashflows and profitability for internal use</li> </ul>
Understanding of the effect that the design and construction processes have on the cost	Preparing cashflows     Preparing reports such as liability statements, cost to complete and cost value reconciliations.	<ul> <li>Evaluating and advising on financial implications and appropriate management actions.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Awareness of the techniques used to reconcile the cost against income</li> </ul>	Applying value engineering processes	
<ul> <li>Awareness of the techniques to financially manage sub-contractors and suppliers</li> </ul>	Preparing and submitting cost data for in-house and/or external use in relation to	
Understanding the use of cashflows.	areas such as cost of preliminaries, comparative cost of different construction techniques and taxation allowances.	



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#### CONFLICT AVOIDANCE, MANAGEMENT AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCEDURES

This competency covers the quantity surveyor's involvement with the avoidance, management and resolution of disputes in construction projects. Candidates should be aware of the various processes and techniques commonly used in the industry. They should have a detailed understanding of how these are applied in practice

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the techniques for conflict avoidance, conflict management and dispute resolution procedures including for example adjudication and arbitration, appropriate to your APC pathway.	Provide evidence of practical application in your area of practice having regard to the relevant law.	Provide evidence of the application of the above in the context of advising clients in the various circumstances referred to above.
Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:
<ul> <li>Techniques for conflict avoidance, management and resolution, in particular by the appropriate selection of procurement routes and use of processes such as partnering</li> </ul>	Developing further knowledge of the relevant law governing conflict avoidance and management and dispute resolution procedures	Developing an in depth knowledge of law governing conflict avoidance and management and dispute resolution procedures, including relevant legislation and case law
How various forms of contract deal with dispute avoidance and their provisions for resolving disputes     Legal and statutory requirements for the	<ul> <li>Being involved with adjudication procedures in particular and have an understanding of the default procedures where a construction contract does not make provision for adjudication</li> </ul>	Giving reasoned advice on different dispute resolution procedures having reference to particular project circumstances     Giving advice on relevant law governing
Conflict management and dispute resolution procedures within the construction process.	Being involved with other dispute resolution procedures	evidence of fact and expert evidence and the practice and procedures adopted by surveyors in the role of either advocate or expert witness
including negotiation, mediation and conciliation, adjudication, arbitration, independent expert determination and litigation.	<ul> <li>Compiling evidence for use in dispute resolution procedures.</li> </ul>	Giving advice as an expert witness.



#### **CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES**

### Examples of likely knowledge, skills, and experience at each level

This competency covers the design and construction of buildings and other structures. Candidates should have clear understanding of the design and construction processes commonly used in the industry. They should have knowledge detailed solutions construction relevant to their projects.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the principles of design and construction relating to your chosen field of practice.	Apply your knowledge to the design and construction processes.	Advise on the selection and application of particular processes within your area of experience. This should include liaison with specialists and consultants to develop project specific design and construction solutions.
Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:  The stages of design from inception to completion  Impact of current legislation and regulations (both national and international)  How the various elements of the building work and inter-relate  The process of constructing the works  Operational and maintenance processes post contract.	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are;  • Appreciating how design solutions vary for different types of building such as clear span requirements for warehousing or acoustic requirements for accommodation  • Understanding alternative construction details in relation to functional elements of the design such as different types of piling or structural frame solutions.	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Advising on the choice of construction solutions for your project  • Reporting on the impact of different design solutions and construction processes on cost and programme.



#### **CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION**

This competency covers the design and construction of buildings other and structures. Candidates should have clear understanding of the design and construction processes commonly used in the industry. They should have detailed knowledge solutions construction relevant to their projects.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the contractual, legislative and statutory terminology/requirements, of a construction contract.	Implement administrative procedures necessary for the smooth running of a construction contract.	Advise on the administrative procedures necessary for the smooth running of a construction contract including document control techniques and systems, meetings and reporting procedures.
Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:  The various standard forms of contract and sub-contract used in the industry  Basic contractual mechanisms and procedures applied at various stages of the contract.  The roles and responsibilities of the administrator.	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Issuing instructions  • Dealing with payment provisions  • Managing change procedures  • Involvement with dispute avoidance  • Dealing with completion and possession issues  • Issuing certificates.	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Resolving disputes  • Assessing entitlement for extension of time  • Assessing entitlement for loss and expense  • Advising all parties of their contractual rights and obligations.



#### **CONTRACT PRACTICE**

This competency covers the various forms of contract used in the construction industry. Candidates should have an awareness of all of the main standard forms contract and of thorough understanding of contract law, legislation and specific forms that they used

### Examples of likely knowledge, skills and experience at each level

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the various forms of contract used in the construction industry and/or your area of business.	Apply your knowledge of the use of the various standard forms of contract at project level, including the implications and obligations that apply to the parties to the contract.	Provide evidence of reasoned advice, prepare and present reports on the selection of the appropriate form of contract and warranties for your chosen procurement route. This should include advising on the most appropriate contractual procedure at the various stages of a construction or other contract.
Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:  Basic contract law and legislation  Contract documentation  The various standard forms of contract and sub-contract  When the different forms would be used	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:     Producing contract documentation     Carrying out the contractual mechanisms and procedures relevant to the financial management aspects of your project, such as change procedures, valuations, loss and expense and final accounts	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:     Selecting the appropriate form of contract and/or sub-contract for your chosen procurement route     Advising on the most appropriate contractual procedure at the various stages of a contract     Evaluating the appropriateness and implications
Basic contractual mechanisms and procedures at various stages of the contract     Third party rights including relevant legislation and the use of collateral warranties.	<ul> <li>Understanding general contractual provisions such as letters of intent, insurances, retention, bonds, liquidated and ascertained damages, early possession, practical completion and other common contractual mechanisms.</li> </ul>	of proposed contractual amendments.

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#### CORPORATE RECOVERY AND INSOLVENCY

This competency covers the involvement and actions of a quantity surveyor when insolvency occurs

on a construction project. Candidates should have an awareness of the processes and procedures that can apply when a party to a contract becomes insolvent and what help and support a quantity surveyor can give to the various parties involved, including the insolvency practitioner. They must have a thorough understanding of the how insolvency has affected their project and the legal and contractual position of the parties involved

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the role of the Chartered Surveyor in corporate recovery and insolvency situations.	Demonstrate an understanding of the various types of appointment that can be made to administer/manage the affairs of insolvent and potentially insolvent companies and individuals.	Provide evidence of reasoned advice, prepare and present reports on the property assets of insolvent companies and individuals and/or in the administration of Fixed Charge Receivership appointments.
Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:  • The principles of the different insolvency procedures, such as liquidation, administration, receivership and company voluntary arrangement  • How standard form contracts deal with insolvency  • The nature of an insolvency practitioner's role and his expectations as a client  • How a quantity surveyor might support an insolvency practitioner.	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Undertaking valuations and notional final accounts in relation to an insolvency on a project  • Taking action to facilitate the completion of a project where insolvency has occurred  • Undertaking work in support of an insolvency practitioner.	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Giving reasoned advice to a contracted party on how to proceed following the insolvency of the other party to the contract  • Giving reasoned advice to a client on how to proceed to complete a project following an insolvency.



#### **DESIGN ECONOMICS AND COST PLANNING**

This competency covers the impact of design and other factors on cost throughout the life of the building and the control of cost during the precontract stage. Candidates should have an awareness of how design decisions and construction processes impact on construction and operational costs. They must have a thorough understanding of techniques used to manage and control costs precontract.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the main factors that affect design economics over the whole life of a building. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of how cost planning assists in the financial control of projects during the design development stage.	Apply your knowledge to the cost management of design development on a project from feasibility to design completion. Prepare and submit cost data to in-house and/or external data collection agencies.	Give strategic and reasoned advice, including the preparation and presentation of reports with reference to cost, time, quality and buildability. Advise on various market factors and trends in construction costs. Comment on accuracy and risk,
Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:  The main factors that affect design economics over the whole life of the building including capital and life cycle costs.  How cost planning assists in the financial control of projects during the design development stage.  The various stages of cost planning.  Sources of cost data.  Adjustments that may be required for factors including location, specification, time and market forces.	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Producing estimates and cost plans  • Carrying out life cycle costing exercises  • Applying value engineering processes  • Preparing cost reports  • Preparing and submitting cost data to in-house and/or external data collection agencies.	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Prepaning and presenting reports with reference to cost, time, quality and buildability, including qualifications and exclusions  • Evaluating building design efficiency  • Assessing/evaluating market factors and trends in construction costs  • Analysing the accuracy of predicted cost using benchmarking techniques  • Interrogating historical cost data  • Using value and risk management techniques



#### **HEALTH AND SAFETY**

This competency covers relationship between the work of the quantity surveyor and health and safety issues within the construction industry. Candidates should be aware of legal, practical, and regulatory requirements. They should have a detailed understanding of the health and safety processes and guidelines used to achieve this.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the principles and responsibilities imposed by law, codes of practice and other regulations appropriate to your area of practice.	Apply evidence of practical application of health and safety issues and the requirements for compliance, in your area of practice.	Provide evidence of reasoned advice given to clients and others on all aspects on health and safety.
Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Personal safety on site and in the office  • Procedures imposed by law  • The impact on health and safety of:  - Design  - Construction processes  - Building maintenance  - Employment of staff.	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Obtaining formal health and safety qualifications including first aid, industry specific or nationally recognised qualifications  • Being involved with specific roles and responsibilities within the various regulations.	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Giving reasoned advice on and/or taking responsibility for health and safety issues relating to:  - Impact of design on construction  - Alternative construction processes  - Impact of design on occupation and maintenance  - Undertaking risk assessments  - Current legislation.



#### **INSURANCE**

This competency covers specific insurance provisions related to property and development.

Candidates should be aware of how insurance is used to deal with risk in development. They should have a detailed understanding of the contractual requirements under the various standard forms of contract.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the principles and practices of insurance in relation to your area of practice.	Apply your knowledge and/or be involved with the insurance of construction and/or property related matters.	Demonstrate a thorough understanding of the regulations and practice governing the insurance of construction and/or property related matters.
Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:  The insurance provisions within the standard forms of contract  Specific insurance mechanisms such as joint names, subrogation, net contribution clauses, in the aggregate, each and every event and excess provisions  Specialist insurances such as performance bonds, professional indemnity and retention bonds.	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Developing specialist knowledge in areas such as asbestos and terrorism  • Compiling cost data for an insurance claim  • Compiling cost data for a fire insurance valuation.	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  Reporting on cost impact of insurance claims to loss adjustor  Reporting on re-construction costs for fire insurance valuations  Advising clients on trends in the construction insurance market  Advising on how insurances can be used to mitigate risk.



#### PROCUREMENT AND TENDERING

This competency covers how a project is structured and delivered in terms of risk allocation

and contractual relationships and how tendering processes are used to establish a contract price.

Candidates should have a clear understanding of the different types of procurement and tendering

commonly used and the advantages and disadvantages of each to the parties involved. They should

have a detailed working knowledge of the procurement routes and tendering procedures used on their projects.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the main types of procurement. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the tendering and negotiation processes involved in procurement.	Apply your knowledge to the implementation of the procurement routes selected for your projects and to carrying out tendering and negotiation processes relevant to them.	Give reasoned advice on the appropriateness of various procurement routes. Manage the tendering and negotiation process and present reports on the outcome.
Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:  The main types of procurement used in both the public and private sectors, both nationally and internationally  Tendering and negotiation processes involved in procurement  Ancillary processes such as partnering and framework agreements  Codes of practice and procedures commonly used.	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  • implementing procurement routes such as traditional, design and build, management forms, term and serial contracting and other types  • Producing and/or compiling tender documentation such as letter of invitation, form of tender, health and safety documentation, design documentation and contractual details (Please note: pricing documents are covered under the Quantification and costing of construction works)  • Carrying out of tendering and negotiation processes such as single and two stage tendering, the use of codes of practice and electronic tendering.	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Evaluating the appropriateness of various procurement routes  • Managing the tendering and negotiation process  • Preparing procurement and tendering reports.

#### PROGRAMMING AND PLANNING

This competency covers a surveyor's involvement with the programming and planning of construction

projects. Candidates should have an awareness of the various principles, techniques and issues that relate to the programming and planning of projects generally. They must have a thorough understanding of how these principles and techniques have been used and how specific issues have been dealt with on their projects.

#### Examples of likely knowledge, skills and experience at each level

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Describe the principals of financial and programme monitoring of projects, including planning techniques such as Gantt charts etc. Demonstrate knowledge of the various types of programmes and schedules commonly used on projects.	Assess, interpret and report on the programme control of projects.	Provide evidence of reasoned advice on, or implement the principals of, executive programme control of projects. Your advice should demonstrate a good understanding or planning techniques (pert diagrams, network analysis/critical path methods).
Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Understand the need for pre-contract planning and programming techniques  • Different planning techniques eg Gantt Charts, Network Analysis and Critical Path Analysis etc  • The principles of how a programme is affected by change  • The need for good programming when forecasting accurately materials, man-power, machinery and money  • The use of planning and programming when forecasting expenditure  • The importance of a project or a contract programme when used together with different forms of contract.	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Formulating and reporting on a project programme for different construction projects using planning techniques  • Reporting the client's financial forecast expenditure of a project using planning techniques  • Calculating a critical path network analysis and/or PERT network analysis as appropriate to determine the longest path  • Identifying the impact of contractual provisions on the effective planning of projects.	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Interpreting the effectiveness of a project programme  • Providing reasoned advice on the financial planning of construction projects (eg a client developer might have a particular way of funding a project, either fully financed or generating finance from sales in phase one to finance later phases. This would give rise to very different strategies affecting both the timing and the cost of a project)  • Analysing and advising on the possible outcomes in the event of a strategy change eg financing provisions, time of construction scope changes  • Advising on a project programme when determining different procurement options.

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### **PROJECT EVALUATION**

This competency covers the financial aspects of feasibility studies and development appraisals.

Candidates should be aware of the various elements of a feasibility study and development appraisal and the factors that can affect them. They should have a detailed understanding of the techniques used to assess financial viability.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Describe the feasibility study process, including the financial and town planning aspects associated with a development appraisal.	Apply the techniques used in value management/value engineering, life cycle/ whole life costing and risk assessment, together with a balance sheet analysis.	Initiate and monitor a feasibility study. Advise on the economics of design, on the use of value management and value engineering techniques and on how to undertake a full risk and balance sheet analysis.
Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Understand the process of carrying out a development appraisal using techniques such	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Providing cost data for a development appraisal, particularly in respect of	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Carrying out an appraisal; reporting and advising on the outcome
Understand the various financial elements of a development appraisal such as land and construction costs, fees, finance costs, value or income steam and profit      Awareness of the impact of non-financial factors such as town planning on an appraisal.	Understanding how financial data might be obtained for elements of a development appraisal (other than construction costs), for example land and financing costs, fees, taxation, property valuation, income stream and profit     Carrying out life cycle cost exercises in	Advising on the impact of costs associated with the various elements of the appraisal on the overall viability.
<ul> <li>Understand the basic principals of techniques used in association with development appraisals such as value management, value engineering, life cycle and whole life costing and risk management.</li> </ul>	relation to an appraisal  Being involved in value and risk management exercises in relation to an appraisal.	



#### PROJECT FINANCIAL CONTROL AND REPORTING

#### Examples of likely knowledge, skills and experience at each level

This competency covers the effective cost control of construction projects during the construction

phase. Candidates should be aware of the principles of controlling and reporting costs on any

construction project. They should have a detailed understanding of the control and reporting processes

used on their projects (please note: for surveyors working in contracting this competency covers

externally issued cost advice and reports).

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the effective control of costs during a project. Demonstrate understanding of the legal and contractual constraints and the effect of time and quality on the cost of a project.	Apply your knowledge to the management of project costs. This should include the preparation and presentation of financial reports on the performance of a project at appropriate intervals, to provide effective forecasting of costs, risks and their financial implications.	Advise on strategies and procedures to control predicted expenditure in line with a budget.
Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:  The effective control of costs during the construction phase of a project  The legal and contractual constraints on the cost of a project such as changes in building legislation and design risk allocation  The reporting and forecasting of costs during the construction phase  The principles of contingencies/risk allowances.	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  • Managing project costs during the construction phase  • Reporting and forecasting costs for different procurement routes and client types  • Using cashflows in financial management  • Managing provisional sums/contingencies/ risk allowances.	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  Implementing change control procedures within the contract  Establishing reporting regimes/protocols  Using risk management and analysis techniques.



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#### **QUANTIFICATION AND COSTING OF CONSTRUCTION WORKS**

#### **Examples of likely knowledge, skills and experience at each level**

This competency covers the measurement and definition of construction works in order to value and control costs. Candidates should have an awareness of the various methods of quantifying and pricing construction works used throughout a project. They must have a thorough understanding of the specific methods used on their projects.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the principles of quantification and costing of construction works as a basis for the financial management of contracts.	Apply your knowledge to the quantification and costing of construction works, including the use of appropriate standard methods of measurement and forms of cost analysis. Carrying out measurement and costing of works at all stages of the construction process.	Advise on appropriate methods of quantification and costing for specific projects. Take responsibility for the preparing and issuing pricing documents. Price or analyse such documents. Give advice on and/or supervise the valuation of construction works throughout a project.
Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:
The quantification of construction works (including both measurement and definition)	Quantifying construction works at the various stages of a project	Advising on appropriate methods of measurement and costing
The various standard methods of measurement     The costing of construction works	<ul> <li>Producing pricing documents such as bills of quantities, schedules of activities/works, schedules of rates or contract sum analyses.</li> </ul>	Selecting of appropriate pricing documents     Negotiating and agreeing the valuation
The measurement of buildings and structures to agreed standards.	Carrying out the costing of construction works by methods such as tendered rates, quotations or dayworks.	of construction works at various stages of the project such as the contract sum, construction and final account.



#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

This competency covers the management of risk on construction projects.

Candidates should

be aware of the benefits to be gained and the techniques and processes used to manage risk.

They should have a detailed understanding of how risk is dealt with on their projects.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Demonstrate your knowledge and understanding of the nature of risk and, in particular, of the risks associated with your area of business/practice.	Apply your knowledge to carry out risk assessments taking into account all relevant factors. Understand the application of the various methods and techniques used to measure risk.	Provide evidence of reasoned advice and implement systems to manage risk by competent management in relation to specific projects.
Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:
The principles of risk management How the various procurement routes deal with risk  Mitigation strategies The techniques used to quantify risk  The effect of risk on programme and cost.	Contributing towards the identification of risk Identifying who owns the risk in relation to the chosen procurement route on your project Contributing towards strategies to mitigate risk Contributing data towards the quantification of risk  Considering the effect of risk on programme and management cost specific to their project.	Advising on the appropriate procurement route in relation to the client's attitude to risk.  Recognising and advising on the appropriate methodologies and approach to risk on a project.  Taking ownership of the risk register and advising on appropriate risk mitigation strategies.  Applying techniques to quantify risk and advising client's on the appropriate level of contingency.



#### **SUSTAINABILITY**

This competency covers the role of the quantity surveyor in dealing with the impact of sustainability issues on development and construction. Candidates should have an awareness of the various ways in which sustainability can impact on development and construction. They must thorough have a understanding of the impact made by sustainability on their projects and have been involved with the financial management of that impact.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of why and how sustainability seeks to balance economic, environmental and social objectives at global, national and local levels in the context of land, property and the built environment.	Provide evidence of the practical application of sustainability appropriate to your area of practice, and of awareness of the circumstances in which specialist advice is necessary.	Provide evidence of reasoned advice given to clients and others on the policy, law and best practice of sustainability in your area of practice.
Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:
The principles of sustainability within development and the construction process  The relationship between property and the environment  How national and international legislation, regulations and taxation relating to sustainability affect construction  Criteria by which sustainability is measured in relation to finished buildings  The principles of how design, technology and construction processes can contribute to sustainable building  The principles of material resource efficiency	Garrying out capital cost and value engineering exercises to determine the impact of sustainability issues on design and construction processes     Garrying out life cycle cost exercises which take account of sustainability issues     Understanding the measures undertaken by governments and international bodies to encourage the reduction of the environmental impact of development.	Giving reasoned advice to your client and members of the project team on the financial impact of sustainability on a project  Giving reasoned advice on the application of environmental law and policy  Interpreting environmental reports and giving reasoned advice on the financial impact and programme implications on a project  Giving advice on sustainable material selection and how performance baselines can be estimated.

#### **DUE DILIGENCE**

This competency covers the due diligence work and/or fund monitoring on construction projects. It may also cover the duties of quantity surveyors monitoring the financial management management style contracts. Candidates should have an awareness of the areas of concern for funders and clients within a project and the techniques used in the forensic interrogation and monitoring of those areas. They must have a thorough understanding of the techniques used on their projects.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Domonstrate knowledge of the techniques used for cost, quality and time related forensic examination in your area of practice.	Apply your knowledge of cost, quality and time related forensic examination in your area of practice.	Provide evidence of reasoned advice and report to clients on cost, quality and time related forensic examination is your area of practice.
Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:	Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:
The main areas of risk for a funder/client The process of analysing contract documentation	Reviewing development appraisals     Reviewing apacialist reports and checking statutory and other approvals.	Checking compliance with loan agreements and agreements to lease     Delivering reports to the funder/bliefs on time.
How to interrogate pricing data in relation to development appraisals, each flows, construction costs and risk allowances.	Analysing the suitability of procurement strategies and contract documentation, including third party rights issues and insurances.	cost and quality matters covered by your menitoring activities  • Giving advice to the funder/client on suitable action to be taken in respect of losure.
Techniques for assessing suitability of programmes     Televient statutory approvets, such as	Interrogating pricing data in relation to development appraisate, cash flows, construction costs and risk allowances.	clentified by your monitoring activities.
planning and building control  How to monitor interim payments and planned progress.	Establishing suitability of project programmes, quality control procedures and health and safety arrangements	
	Checking substillty and appointments of project team	
	Analysing project and construction risks     Reviewing interim valuations for draw-down	
	Monitoring progress against planned programmee	
	Pleviewing final accounts.	

#### **Technical Due Diligence of Commercial Property**

RICS Guidance Note Technical Due Diligence of Commercial Property.

The Guidance Note took effect from 1 April 2020. It replaced a number of former RICS Guidance Notes, namely Building Surveys and Technical Due Diligence of Commercial Property 4th Edition in the UK.

#### What is Technical Due Diligence (TDD)?

Technical Due Diligence is defined by RICS as the 'systematic review, analysis, discovery and gathering of information about the physical characteristics of a property and/or land'.

TDD includes an inspection and assessment of the property, followed by a report including the surveyor's professional opinion on condition.



### ☐ Technical Due Diligence of Commercial Property

#### Considerations when inspecting.

The Guidance Note provides guidance on the general principles of inspection, including note-taking, health & safety, site enquiries, extent of inspection, environmental considerations, deleterious & hazardous materials, sustainability, cultural heritage, title and legal issues.

#### Report Contents.

The surveyor should cover the following:

- i. What, if anything, was wrong
- ii. The consequences of anything which was wrong
- iii. Recommended repairs and when they should be completed
- iv. Responsibility for any repair costs
- v. More investigations may be recommended and when they should be undertaken



#### The right RICS APC route, is it important?

1. Depending on your experience, education, and specialisation, there are different routes to achieving

MRICS Chartered status

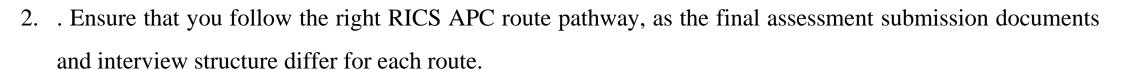
i. They are the 'standard' structured training or,

#### ii.Preliminary review route,

iii.the Senior Assessment route,

iv.the Specialist Assessment route, and

v.the Academic Assessment route.



3. Some routes, like the Senior Assessment route, may be more suited for managerial or leadership roles.



The right RICS APC route, is it important?

- Common RICS APC route.
- i. The common route is the 'standard' RICS APC route,
- ii. It may include 12-24 months of structured training or a preliminary review.
- iii. Structured training may be required if you haven't substantial experience,
- iv. Preliminary review (essentially a 'pre-submission' check at least 6 months before you submit your final assessment submission) may be required if you do not have an RICS-accredited degree but do have at least 5 years **relevant experience.**
- v. Candidates who are self-employed, client-side, or in smaller firms proceed with preliminary review rather than structured training.
- vi. Experienced candidates with educational qualifications may proceed to the final assessment without undergoing a preliminary review.

The right RICS APC route, is it important?

#### Additional routes to MRICS.

- More seniority and any specialisation, and 5-10 years of relevant experience,
   with/without a post-graduate degree, and can demonstrate advanced responsibilities
   either in:
  - ✓ senior leadership-Senior Assessment route,
  - ✓ or specialist areas of work -Specialist Assessment route, and
  - ✓ the Academic Assessment route, which requires you to have at least 3 years' academic experience plus a surveying-related degree.



#### **Senior Professional Assessment – Applicant guide**

#### Vetting

Complete the application form with the

The following information.

We will confirm if you are eligible.

- Employment History
- Qualifications
- Chosen RICS pathway
- 400-word statement on senior profile

#### **Submission**

When you are ready to apply for your final assessment, you must submit the following evidence.

- 3 case studies (1000-1500 words each)
- Record of 20 hours continuing professional development (CPD) in the last 12 months

#### Final assessment interview

You will be invited to attend an interview for 60 minutes. Following a 10-minute presentation from you, the assessment panel will question you on the evidence you have provided and the RICS competencies.

If successful, you will be awarded the RICS chartered qualification (MRICS).



#### Senior Professional Assessment – Applicant guide

Senior professional competencies

Full guidance on the senior professional competencies are shown below. You must demonstrate the three competencies to level 2.

Competency	Level 1	Level 2
Leadership This competency covers the interaction files and behaviour of widors. Candidates should be aware of the attention to try as of leadership and mobilation. Candidates should have an understanding of how these techniques can be applied in their area of practice.	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the characteristics and behaviour of a leader. Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are.  • The different styles of leadership.  • The different motivation theories.  • Effective organisational design and communication strategies.  • The climate necessary for the creation of high performing teams.	Provide evidence of application of your role as a leader appropriate to your area of practice. Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  How leadership and motivation theories can be applied in practice. How organisational design and communication strategies can affect leadership.  The ingredients necessary to create high performing teams.
Managing people This competency covers the principles and practice of monaging people. Candidates should be aware of the solls required to manage people. Candidates should have an undenstanding of the appropriate application of these soils.	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the principles and practice of managing people. Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  Human resource management legislation and techniques  Effective organisational design and communication strategies  The climate and culture necessary for the creation of high performing teams.	Provide evidence of the application of the skills required to manage people. Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are:  The principles of human resource legislation  Applying human resource techniques  Effecting improved human resource performance  How use of effective organisational design and communication strategies improves human resource performance.  How climate and culture affect human resource performance.
Managing resources This competition is about managing the effective use, allocation and teating of resources just including human insources).	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the resources required and their cost for the effective operation of a business. Examples of knowledge comprised within this level are:  Types of resources required  How to manage financial resources  Accounting techniques  Budgeting techniques  Forecasting techniques  Methods for obtaining resources and monitoring their use  Personal resource management  Costing of resources  Relationship between cost and value of resources.	Provide evidence of the application in your area of practice, giving reasoned advice on the most effective use, allocation and cost of resources. Examples of activities and knowledge comprised within this level are  • Setting financial objectives  • Constructing a budget  • Monitoring and managing financial resources  • Setting personal objectives  • Preparing reports and recommendations for the use and allocation of resources.

The right RICS APC route, is it important?

**√Finding a counsellor.** 

Professional colleagues should be interested to support as counsellor.



#### **Grammar Concerns in RICS APC Submissions**

- 1. Make sure you proof read your submission carefully ask a non-surveyor to do this.
- They can identify issues that you don't notice, and can check if the overall 'scenario' of your examples and submission are logic and understandable.
- 2. Apply the Spelling & Grammar check function on Word, or Grammarly.
- 3. Avoid Long sentences, as It can be difficult to read a submission where long sentences are used.
- 4. Keep sentences short and to the point, break the sentences up at a natural point.
- 5. Your submission is a formal work. It is recommended to avoid contractions such as 'don't' or 'can't' instead use the full 'do not' or 'cannot'. Contractions reduces the quality, professionalism and formality of you're the submission.



#### **Grammar Concerns in RICS APC Submissions**

- 3. Use of US rather than UK English (if you are a UK candidate or using UK English)
- 4. Use UK English if you are submitting in the UK (or in a country that adopts UK English conventions), use 's' instead of 'z'. Consider also some specific spellings ('meter' in the US and 'metre' in the UK. Set spell check function on WORD to English (UK) to help avoid such errors.
- 5. Apostrophes

'the Employer's Requirements. The APC candidats's submissions.

**6**. Tense considerations:

Use the first person and the past tense. It requires talking about what you did – not what somebody is doing or what your company does. (I handled a task. I checked, visited, inspected, measured and analyzed the subject. Avoid using checked, visited, inspected, measured and analyzed the subject. Explain what you did (not what others did).



#### **Grammar Concerns in RICS APC Submissions**

7. Containing more words than necessary: Wordy

Be clear and concise:

- i. Avoid phrases that are too verbose, simplify it.
  - Example, 'It came to my attention that the Employer's audit was overdue and I recommended that they request me to complete the task as soon as possible.

It can be: I have recognised an overdue audit and wanted instructions from the Employer to complete the task.





#### **Grammar Concerns in RICS APC Submissions**

### 8. Listing

I collected the data, discussed the results, and recommended to select the first option.

#### 9. Could have - **past only**

The Employer <u>could have</u> implemented the conservative approach. But, due to the budget limitation I recommended to be risk taker and share the opportunity.

#### 10. Repetitive meaning

Writing the same thing in a sentence, repeating just using different words.

#### 11. YOU ......Thier

Use of 'your' and 'you're'

Your' = your submission......which belongs to you. 'You're' = 'you are',. You are a candidate. 'their' submissions are kept there on the shelve.



### **Grammar Concerns in RICS APC Submissions**

12. Where and Were

Where were you yesterday?

Where is for locations.

Were is Are were is a past tense verb.



# **Case Study**



### **Case Study**

#### **Case study**

- Submit one case study of 3000 words.
- The focus of the case study must be on a single project or piece(s) of work undertaken in the last 24 months.
- The project you choose MUST allow you to demonstrate technical competencies from your chosen pathway, and how you used the competency skills.
- It must be written as a professional report, including:
  - o Name of case study: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
  - Date the project or piece(s) of work were carried out: not before June 2022 (Sep+6 M+2 M= May) OR (March+ 6M+2 M) = November.



### **Case Study**

#### **Case study**

#### Confidentiality statement

• The following case study contains confidential information included for the purpose of the Assessment of Professional Competence. (ABAB), hereinafter termed (Mohamed Abdulmoez) and (ABAB) have given their consent to disclose details for the case study on the basis that the information is not to be used for any other purpose or by any person other than those authorised by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (e.g. staff and assessors).



### **Case Study**

#### **Case study**

Contents:

1. Introduction

2. My Approach

3. My Achievements

4. Conclusion

**5.** Appendix A – Competencies demonstrated in the Case Study

6. Appendices B, C,

**D**, **E**, **F** 

Word Count: xxxxxxx words (Not including content list or Tables, Appendices or Abbreviations)



### **Case Study**

**Tips** relating to the RICS APC Log Book and Case Study Template.

#### RICS Case Study

The RICS APC Case Study template can be downloaded RICS.org.

Consider the following tips to present a professional Case Study that meets the requirements of the RICS:

- 1. Use this template for initiating the Case Study
- 2. Add page numbering to your Case Study and Include a Title Page with a relevant photograph, case study title and key details.
- 3. Add table of contents, including a Table of Figures / Tables and a List of Appendices
- 4. Consider proper formatting, justify the text and unify the line spacing.
- 5. Strictly comply with RICS headings.
- 6. You MUST discuss 2-3 key issues under **2. My Approach**,



### **Case Study**

Tips relating to the RICS APC Log Book and Case Study Template.

#### RICS Case Study

The RICS APC Case Study template can be downloaded RICS.org.

- 7. Include relevant Appendices only, insert the title to any photographs you include, and a north direction to the maps with a scale and a reference (e.g., Google Maps, 2021) as applicable.
- 8. Refer consistently to any Tables, Figures or Appendices within your text
- 9. Proof read your case study and request a peer Review before submitting.

Finally convert WD to PDF before proceeding with the submission process.







#### **Activities that do not count CPD**

Any CPD activity, whether formal or informal, should be planned wherever possible and be **relevant to your role** or specialism. Any activity that does not have a clear learning objective that **relates to** your role and specialism cannot be considered as appropriate CPD. Networking, social events, informal team building or planning events and involvement on boards, committees or clubs that have little or no relevance to your professional role will not count CPD requirements.

#### Definitions:

Focus on a topic relevant to the profession: The subject matter covered is one that has a direct tie to your area of work, or covers a topic from the profession (industry) that will relate back to your field.

Structured program: The course, learning activity, or agenda is clearly defined and includes what will be addressed and the length of time dedicated to each area of focus.

Self-assessment: The activity is assessed by one's self.

Predefined learning objectives: The activity has clearly outlined objectives in the form of a curriculum, an agenda, or a learning schedule that has been planned in advance by accredited professionals.

Interaction: The activity participated in includes some type of interaction with learning in mind, with other professionals, students, or educators.

Formal assessment measure: The activity or learning is assessed by an independent third party that is educated on the topic.

Please note we may request proof where applicable

Example: Official documentation from the organizing body that states the details of the activity, potentially including but not limited to: the date, duration and full name of the participant.



### ☐ RICS APC – CPD Requirements and Resources

- RICS CPD requirements for candidates and qualified members.
  - o Continuing Professional Development CPD. It is a requirement of the RICS membership candidates and Members.
  - o RICS defines CPD as 'the systematic updating and enhancement of skills, knowledge and competence that takes place throughout your working life. It should be strictly connected to your role.
  - o CPD is a commitment made by RICS members and candidates to 'continually update their skills and knowledge in order to maintain their professional competence.



### **□** RICS APC – CPD Requirements and Resources

#### Sources of CPD

- i. Online/face-to-face webinars, seminars and conferences
- ii. Meetings
- iii. Private study
- iv. Mentoring
- v. On-the-job training

Candidates should develop their CPD strategy, considering their area of experience and competency selections.



### **□** RICS APC – CPD Requirements and Resources

CPD requirements for RICS APC candidates.

- i. Structured training candidates minimum of 48 hours' CPD per 12 months' structured training
- ii. Preliminary review minimum of 48 hours' CPD prior to submitting for preliminary review, then updated before submitting for final assessment
- iii. At least 50% of this must be allocated to formal development.
- iv. Candidates need to ensure that their CPD hours fall within the required 12 or 24 month period.
- v. Assessors will scrutinize the candidate's CPD record during the final assessment interview.

all candidates will have candidates will have hours of 48 hours of to submitting.

- **□** RICS APC CPD Requirements and Resources
  - CPD requirements for RICS SPA candidates.
  - o Senior Professional Assessment (SPA) APC candidates have different requirements.
  - Requires a minimum of 20 hours' CPD over the past 12 months. Minimum of 50% of them to be formal.
     What are the requirements for RICS AssocRICS candidates?
  - CPD requirements for Assoc RICS candidates
  - o Assoc RICS candidates should complete a minimum of 48 hours' CPD in the 12 months before submitting. At least 50% formal development.
    - What are the requirements for RICS members?



### **□** RICS APC – CPD Requirements and Resources

- **CPD requirements for RICS** members: (AssocRICS, MRICS and FRICS).
  - o RICS members have to complete at least 20 hours' CPD by 31 December each year (i.e. January to December). At least 10 hours (i.e. 50%) must be formal. Members must also undertake a 3 yearly online RICS ethics assessment, which can count as formal CPD.

There are certain exemptions to the minimum requirements, e.g. maternity, paternity, adoption or family raising leave, unemployment or being on long-term sick leave.



### ☐ RICS APC – CPD Requirements and Resources

#### What is formal CPD?

- RICS define formal CPD as 'any form of structured learning that has clear learning objectives and outcomes, such as a professional course, structured online training, technical authorship, learning that includes an assessment measure. This can include self-managed learning as long as it has a clear learning outcome which is clearly linked to the member's development needs'.
- There is a common myth that formal CPD needs to be paid-for training, which just isn't not true. Formal CPD can be 'any structured learning with a clear learning objective and outcome'.



### ☐ RICS APC – CPD Requirements and Resources

#### What is informal CPD?

• RICS define informal CPD as 'any self-managed learning that is relevant or related to your professional role. This could include activities such as private study, on-the-job training, attendance at informal seminars or events where the focus is on knowledge sharing'. These are not CPD.

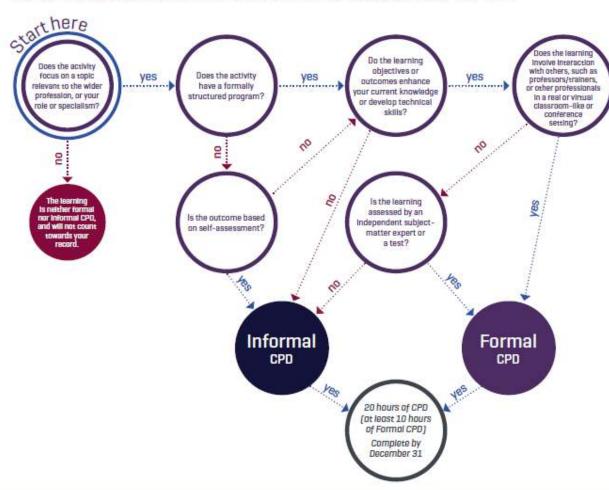
Because CPD should always be planned based on your role. And it needs to have learning objective. The following are not considered CPD:

✓ 'networking, social events, informal team building or planning events and involvement on boards, committees or clubs that have little or no relevance to your professional role'.

Check RICS guidance (<u>Decision Tree</u>) and whether your CPD is formal or informal (<u>Annex A</u>).

#### CPD Decision Tree: Formal or informal CPD?





#### Definitions:

Focus on a topic relevant to the profession: The subject matter covered is one that has a direct tie to your area of work, or covers a topic from the profession (industry) that will relate back to your field.

Structured program: The course, learning activity, or agenda is clearly defined and includes what will be addressed and the length of time dedicated to each area of focus.

Self-assessment: The activity is assessed by one's self

Predefined learning objectives: The activity has clearly outlined objectives in the form of a curriculum, an agenda, or a learning schedule that has been planned in advance by accredited professionals.

Interaction: The activity participated in includes some type of interaction with learning in mind, with other professionals, students, or educators.

Formal assessment measure: The activity or learning is assessed by an independent third party that is educated on the topic.

#### Please note we may request proof where applicable

Example: Official documentation from the organizing body that states the details of the activity, potentially including but not limited to: the date, duration and full name of the participant.





#### Annex A: Examples of types Formal and Informal CPD Activity

CPD Activity	Formal	Informal
Professional courses, seminars and conferences (where there are clear objectives and learning outcomes and supporting evidence can be provided if requested)	1	
Structured seminars/discussions where there is a learning outcome, for example leading an online webinar on a technical topic	1	
Development of personal and practical skills through activities such as shadowing and delivering/receiving coaching		1
Informal learning and development within your firm or organisation, for example interactive and participative discussions with internal experts on specific technical topics		1
Formal learning and development within your firm or organisation, for example attending in-house training on a technical subject	1	
Formal teaching/training for others (providing interactive and participative tutoring and/or instruction for others which includes setting clear objectives and learning outcomes)	1	
Informal teaching/training for others, such as facilitating a discussion session at a seminar or conference, or feeding information back to peers, boards or committees		1
Self managed learning that has a clear learning outcome, clearly linked to the member's development needs	1	
Computer based training where there are clear objectives and learning outcomes and an assessment measure, e.g. multiple choice test	1	
Taking part in online events/viewing video sessions relating to your professional role where there is a clear learning outcome.	1	

Private study such as:		
<ul> <li>reading online or paper based trade publications, manuals, professional briefs, journals</li> <li>listening to podcasts relating to your professional role</li> </ul>		1
Technical Authorship (writing articles, reports, manuals etc which are published for use by members)	1	
Mentoring (providing instruction, guidance and support to trainees or students)		1
Sitting on RICS Boards/Committees that focus on technical matters, for example advising on measurement standards, and where there are clear learning outcomes	1	
Attending an RICS Board meeting where there is a clear learning objective, such as a third party expert attending and delivering a session which enhances your knowledge of a technical subject.	1	
Sitting on non-RICS Boards/Committees where you are able to develop your business/technical skills		1
Undertaking training on the RICS Global Professional and Ethical Standards, such as completing the free online training module available at rics.org/ethics	1	
Delivering a presentation on a technical subject where research and preparation have been required to enhance your own understanding/knowledge	/	
Delivering a presentation on a technical subject that you are already an expert in and little or no research or preparation has been required		1
Undertaking academic courses that have a clear link to your professional role, for example undertaking an MSc in Construction Law if that relates to your professional field	1.	
Some examples of activity that cannot be considered to be CPD include:		
<ul> <li>Social activities</li> <li>Networking or meetings that have little or no relevance to your professional role</li> <li>Running a personal website, blog or newsletter</li> </ul>		
Participation in marketing events		



#### **Formal CPD**

Formal CPD can be any form of structured learning that has clear learning objectives and outcomes, such as a professional course, structured online training, technical authorship, learning that includes an assessment measure. This can include self-managed learning as long as it has a clear learning outcome which is clearly linked to the member's development needs. We may request to see evidence of any formal CPD activity; this may include demonstration of learning outcomes together with any supporting documentation.

#### **Informal CPD**

Informal CPD is any self-managed learning that is relevant or related to your professional role. This could include activities such as private study, on-the-job training, attendance at informal seminars or events where the focus is on knowledge sharing.

Gain all your informal CPD hours from one reliable resource with isurv

### **Enrollment**

#### **APC Process.**

Following steps are outlines of the steps, different requirements depends on the rout to membership:

- 1. Registration online RICS website (www.rics.org) or Send CV to (aemeacandidatesupport@rics.org).
- 2: RICS team will approve the enrolment route for APC (any structured training or Preliminary Assessment Route). You will have to apply online enrolment through the provided link with a counsellor chosen M/FRICS.
- 3. Payment ( = Pay your enrolment fee).
- 4. Provide your information in APC Resource Centre (ARC) portal.
- 5. submit your submissions when eligible (from 1<sup>st</sup>-15 March and from 1<sup>st</sup>-15 September), middle east).



### **Enrollment**

#### **APC Process.**

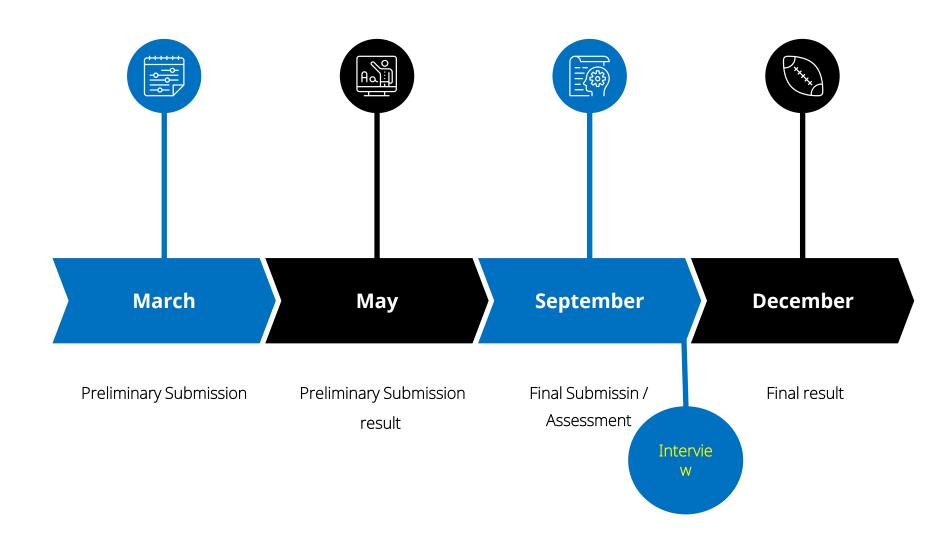
Following steps are outlines of the steps, different requirements depends on the rout to membership:

- 6. Select APC pathway (slide- Inclusive list of Pathways)
- 7. Choose competencies
- 8. Counsellor approve the chosen competencies.
- 9. Continue the process
- 10. Professional Module- competencies- Case Study-CPD).
- 11. Always answer in direct path.



## **Enrollment**

# **SUBMISSION TIMELINE**



### **Q&A FREQUENTLY**

#### Q: Why did you choose to become a surveyor?

**A:** I found the field a bit challenging but also an innovation trigger that could give me the opportunity to prove my potential, hence I embraced the challenge.

Q : How did you choose your pathway?

**A:** I considered my area of specialization back then which was also my strength, that is Valuation, although over the years I have also diversified into Property Management.

Q: What has been your biggest challenge and your biggest achievement so far in your career?

A: My biggest challenge was to prove my capacity in a male dominated industry, and I am glad I have not only managed to undertake portfolio Valuations but to have big organizations having confidence in me to train and impart knowledge to aspiring Chartered Surveyors. One gains more knowledge by imparting the same to others rather than keeping it to themselves.



### **Q&A FREQUENTLY**

**Q**: What steps can professionals in the sector take, including those in leadership positions, to level the playing field, champion and support the creation of a more diverse and inclusive industry that is inviting, welcoming and fosters talent?

A: Probably considering accreditation with Universities and Real Estate Institutions in developing countries and charging affordable membership fees in such countries as Zimbabwe, Malawi, Mozambique etc. to enhance affordability and increase membership

**Q**: What advice would you give to young professionals considering a future in the built environment?

A: Go for it expectantly! A career in the built environment is worth it, it is the future!



# **The Worthy Journey**







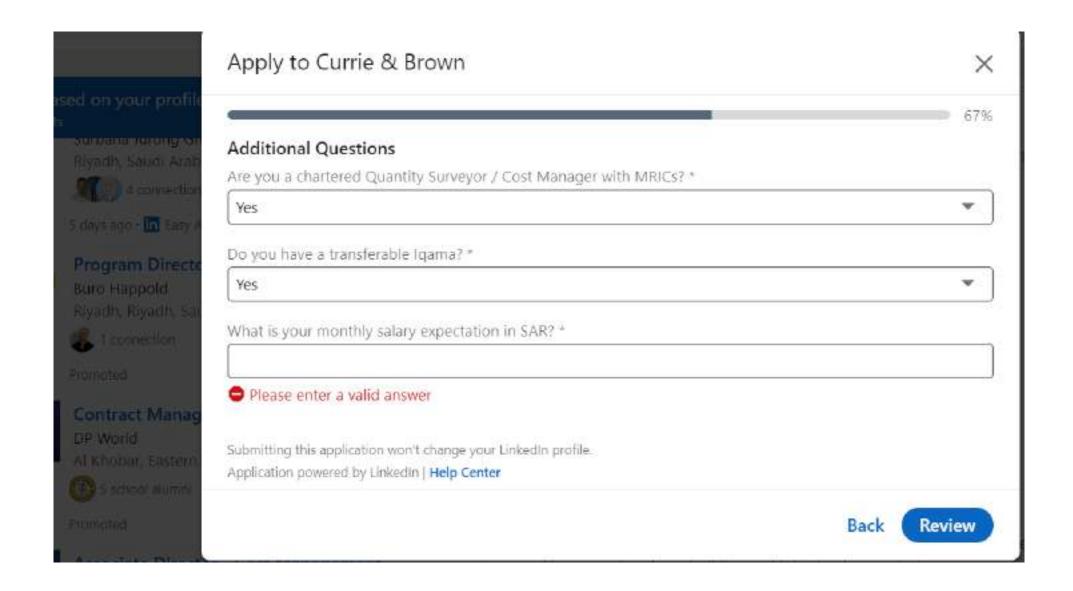
Never

Late

Just

Start!!

MRICS- Journey 160 **MRICS** 







	<ul> <li>Excellent stakeholder management skills with the ability to interact and influence across a range of stakeholders</li> <li>Extensive knowledge of all facets of construction contract implementation.</li> <li>General requirements</li> <li>Ability to analyse and resolve complex issues, both logical and interpersonal.</li> <li>Ability to negotiate efficiently and effectively.</li> <li>Strong analytical and problem-solving skills.</li> <li>Experience leading and managing high performing individuals and teams.</li> <li>Ability to be a team player that motivates and educates other team members and comprehends complex, technical subjects.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Excellent verbal and written communication skills and the ability to effectively interact with a diverse group of individuals.</li> </ul>
Qualifications	Bachelor's degree in Construction Management or equivalent qualification.
	<ul> <li>Procurement leadership, CIPS, MRICS or equivalent preferred.</li> </ul>

Internal	External	
NEOM Regional Contracts	• PMC's	
NEOM Oxagon Team	<ul> <li>Contractors and Consultants</li> </ul>	
NEOM Procurement and Legal		
Departments		



## **AECOM**

- · Responsible for the preparation of the application for payments and invoices to the Client, resolution of any issues, and
- Assists the Project Director in devising and executing action plans to rectify potential cost overruns, schedule delays, or
  to accommodate significant changes to the scope of work.
- Some liaison with Technical Services and Shared Services personnel for delivery of design, costs, schedules and
  overall project support.
- Establishes regular meetings to review package status and formulate action items.

#### Qualifications

- · Bachelor's Degree in quantity surveying or equivalent,
- Minimum 16 years of experience.
- · MRICS, MCIOB, MCIArb.

#### Additional Information

With infrastructure investment accelerating worldwide, our services are in great demand, and there's never been a better time to be at AECOMI Join us, and you'll get all the benefits of being a part of a global, publicly traded firm – access to industry-leading technology and thinking and transformational work with big impact and work flexibility.

AECOM provides a wide array of compensation and benefits programs to meet the diverse needs of our employees and their families. We also provide a robust global well-being program. We're the world's trusted global infrastructure firm, and we're in this together – your growth and success are ours too.

As an Equal Opportunity Employer, we believe in each person's potential, and we'll help you reach yours.

Join us and let's get started.

RegID: J10076234

Business Line: Construction Management

Business Group: DCS



# **AECOM**

scope of work. Some flatson with recrimical Services and Shared Services personnel for delivery of design, costs, schedules and overall project support. Establishes regular meetings to review package status and formulate action items.

#### Qualifications

- · Bachelor's Degree in quantity surveying or equivalent
- · Minimum 15 years of experience
- · MRICS is essential

#### Additional Information

#### Here, you will have freedom to grow in a world of opportunity.

We will give you the flexibility you need to do your best work. Whether you're working from an AECOM office, remote location or at a client site, you will be working in a dynamic environment where your integrity, entrepreneurial spirit and pioneering mindset are championed.

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# **A**ECOM

#### uispuics.

- Preparation of the internal estimate at completion (EAC), and the provision of reports on earned value, progress
  against milestones, cash flow, and cost management. Appropriate action is then taken to mitigate any issues as they
  arise, and opportunities are sought to improve the profitability of the project.
- Responsible for the preparation of the application for payments and invoices to the Client, resolution of any issues, and the prompt collection of payments.

#### Qualifications

- · Bachelor's Degree in Engineering, Quantity Surveying, and /or Law
- · Pre and Post Experience
- · MRICS is advantages

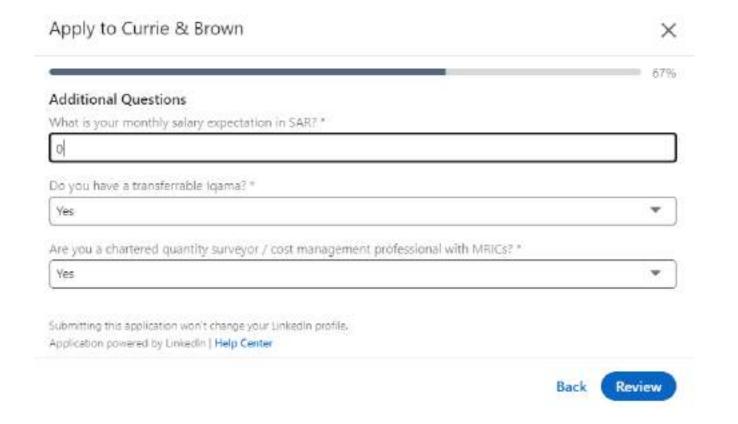
#### Additional Information

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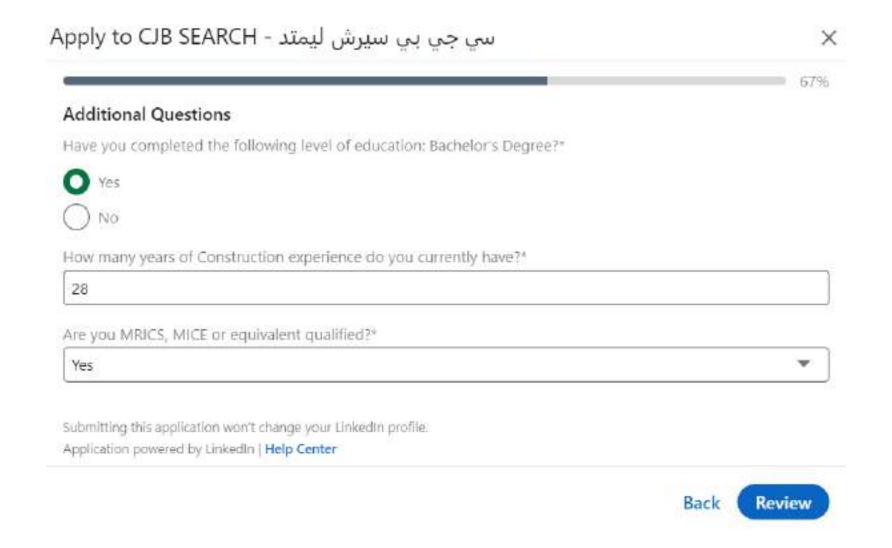
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MRICS – APC- Journey









### **End of Lecture 1**

#### **End of Lecture 1**

Thanks for attentions

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السلام عليكم ورحمة الله وبركاته

